THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C Gallaway & Co. MEMPHIS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1869. Volume Twelve—Number 188

MEMPHIS AVALANCHE,

Terms for 1869:

DAILY—Yearly, by mail (in advance) $10 00
Six months, do do 5 00
One month, do do 1 00
One week, payable to carrier or agent 25
WEEKLY—Yearly, only (one copy) $2 00
Clubs of five to ten copies, each 1 75
One copy for six months 1 50

An extra copy will be sent to the person who makes up a club of ten, and an additional copy for every twenty subscribers thereafter. A copy of the AVALANCHE CALENDAR will be sent to every subscriber to the Weekly.

Additions can be made to the clubs at all times during the year, at proportionate rates, the time, in every case, to expire with the club; otherwise, single subscription rates must be paid. Any variation from this rule breaks up the club system altogether. We can only afford papers at club rates by having them all expire together.

Remittances can be made at our risk when sent by express, charges prepaid, or by mail in registered letters, or payable on money orders or drafts. Money letters are so frequently lost, and so much complaint caused by their loss, that we are compelled to adopt the modes of transmission designated to protect ourselves as well as patrons.

Specimen copies of the AVALANCHE sent free of charge.

All letters, telegraphic dispatches and packages, should be directly mailed to the

AVALANCHE,

Avalanche Building, Memphis, Tennessee.

The Nebraska crops are good.

The Taylor House, Omaha, has been burned.

The Indian name of Duxbury was Mattakeeset.

Eggs are forty-five cents a dozen in Philadelphia.

Our diplomatic and consular service costs $178,000 per annum.

It is expected that Queen Victoria will shortly visit Paris.

Over $40,000 worth of tobacco is sold monthly in Indianapolis.

Josh Billings says marry young, and, if circumstances require it, often.

Steel rails have been found to make railroad beds too unyielding.

The President will not return to Washington again for several weeks.

Counts are at a discount in Saratoga. Nothing less than Earl is accepted.

The Knoxville gas works have been sold to a Northern company for $70,000.

Spiritualism has gained a number of prominent converts in Indianapolis lately.

Many of our exchanges are speaking of Thomas A. Hendricks for next President.

Iron dipped in the water of a certain well at Gratot, Michigan, becomes magnetized.

The tobacco crop in the neighborhood of Hartford, Connecticut, will be unusually large.

A convict in the Ohio penitentiary cut his hand off the other day in order to avoid work.

Troy has the largest water wheel in the world. It is an overshot, and sixty feet in diameter.

Mrs. Lizzie Hutton committed suicide at Cleveland, on Tuesday, by taking morphine.

In Kansas City a tailor has a store whose sign reveals the words "A Swindler."

An establishment for canning fruit is now in successful operation at West Point, Georgia.

A secret "temperance movement" is worrying Jersey City. The project is to organize a new party.

The tax on death has been reduced in Pittsburg. Funeral carriages are only two dollars each.

William Ploger, who killed Ernest Meyer in St. Louis, the other day, has been held to bail in $15,000.

A grand tournament at Pickensville, Alabama, on the 5th. The principal prize a fine horse worth $300.

A disease called hollow-horn is prevailing among the cattle on the Baton Rouge (Louisiana) commons.

The New York *Sun* predicts that Mr. Seward will be the next President and Horace Greeley his Secretary.

A movement is being made among the army officers to ask Congress next winter for an increase of pay.

The Mayor of Quebec has been called upon by a citizens' vigilance committee to resign, but he refuses.

An attempt was made to prevent ex-President Johnson from speaking at Maryville, East Tennessee, the other day.

A man at Elmore, Ottawa county, Ohio, drank nine glasses of soda water in two minutes, on a wager, a few days ago.

The Jews of the Russian Empire have united in a petition to the Czar for extension of their rights of religion and education.

Mrs. Isabella Johnson, of Dardanelle, Arkansas, has donated forty acres of land toward building a Presbyterian church at that place.

J. T. Andrews, jr., was last Saturday appointed Commissioner of Registration for Williamson county, vice Dan Cliffe, removed.

Wm. B. Allison, a member of Congress, is one of the candidates for United States Senator from Iowa, to succeed James W. Grimes.

The Belgian government has given Rochefort the option of leaving that country or discontinuing the publication of the *Lanterne*.

One of the rooms at a Long Branch hotel was robbed of eight thousand dollars worth of diamonds on Saturday. The thieves were arrested and the property recovered.

A new play, by Dion Boucicault, entitled "Formosa, or the Railroad to Rain," will be produced on Saturday next at the Theater royal, Drury Lane. The scene is laid in London.

Grain elevators are being erected along the line of the North Missouri Railroad, at Jonesboro, High Hill, Montgomery City and Wellsville, preparatory to shipping grain in bulk.

Hale, Buckner & Terrell, of Paducah Kentucky, on Thursday paid the premium on the first hogshead of new tobacco sold in that market. It was grown by Mrs. Vance, of Ballard county.

Two convicts in the Auburn, New York, prison fought a duel according to the regular code on Friday morning. The weapons were knives and the scene was the ice house. Both men were wounded, but not dangerously.

A lively competition has begun between the New Jersey Central Railroad and the new line from Newark to New York. Fares have been greatly reduced, and are promised still lower.

Francis Maguire, "Mickey Free," well known at one time as a celebrated pedestrian, died of delirium tremens in the Essex County (New Jersey) prison, on Wednesday evening.

CITY COUNCIL.

Official Proceedings of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

(Tuesday's Proceedings Omitted.)

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The Committee on Accounts have examined the following claims against the city of Memphis, and recommend the allowance and payment of the same.

SALARY ACCOUNT.

John W. Lenwich	$ 333 33
L. R. Richards	333 33
R. J. Morgan	416 66
R. H. Baugh	166 66
W. H. Bridges	166 66
Charles V. Smith	100 00
Pay-roll twenty Aldermen, $20 ea	416 60

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Wm. Kehoe, Chief, pay-roll employes	$295 00
Peter Lafferty	87 50
Cubbins & Gunn	104 63
Williams & Co	6 00
George W. Baxter	26 75
McCleary	46 50
McDonough & Flannery	10 50
A. J. White & Co	2 75
Wheeler, Pickens & Co	3 25
W. G. Chase & Co	34 95
D. L. Sullivan	207 50
Williams & Co	8 50

COMMISSIONS.

John H. Bowen	$ 97 30
Robert Orgill	174 60

PAUPER ACCOUNT.

J. C. Holst & Co	$ 70 00

STREETS AND ALLEYS.

J. E. Helm, Street Commissioner, pay-roll employes	$2368 00
Robert Grifton	42 00
Henry James	21 00
W. J. Chase & Co	97 94
Roush & Cunningham	117 32
Thomas Fox	7 00
A. J. White & Co	29 00
do do	29 00
W. J. McKoon	26 00
do do	205 55
W. L. Griffing & Co	169 56

CITY HOSPITAL.

Dr. G. H. Thornton, pay-roll employes	$ 350 00
Dr. G. B. Thornton, physician	166 66
J. Lacroix	16 40
Krouse & Smith	96 60
Wolcott, Smith & Co.	149 66

ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.

J. H. Humphreys	$ 166 66
A. J. Murray	150 00
C. F. Marshall	90 00
L. G. Williams	75 00
Cubbins & Gunn	113 75

EXPENSES.

R. D. Baugh	$ 715 00
J. C. Jackson	125 00
J. H. Bowen	125 00
K. E. Hay	16 00
R. J. Morgan	18 50
Benj. Abbernathy	10 00
Jerry Sullivan	5 00
Alfred Mathias	2,750 60
Thos. Joyce	5 00
Phillip Bawn	5 00
E. P. Carroll	5 00
D. Sullivan	5 00
Thomas Flemmory	5 00
F. W. Buttinghause	5 00
H. G. Deaf	5 00
W. R. Auld	6 00
Jas. Nolen	5 00

WHARF AND LANDING.

Robert Good, pay roll employees	$ 41 00
A. J. White & Co	4 00

LIGHTS AND LAMPS.

Memphis Gas Light Company	$1,828 97
A. Hilsfield	75 00
C. L. Smoot	45 00

MARKET HOUSES.

Chas. Borner, two months	$ 166 66
Peter Connelly	87 33

MARKET SQUARE.

John Kaufge	$ 83 33

COURT SQUARE.

Ed. Keating	$ 83 33
A. J. White & Co	2 25

STATIONERY ACCOUNT.

Geo. Pattison & Co	$ 9 90

NUISANCE ACCOUNT.

John Harvey	$ 50 00

PRINTING ACCOUNT.

M. C. Gallaway & Co	$ 209 50

Adopted.

Upon the petition of F. Titus, your committee report adversely; the wharfmaster to be instructed to collect no wharfage from boats landing in front of said Titus property.

J. T. CARTWRIGHT, Chairman.

Referred to Committe on Claims.

Adopted.

Upon the petition of Vinson & Donohue, asking longer time than two hours for receiving and discharging freight by transit boats, etc., your committee report adversely.

Adopted.

IMPRVEMENT COMMITTEE.

The following ordinance was passed first reading and referred to the Improvement Committee:

Be it ordained etc., That the grades of the following streets, as shown upon the profiles of each, be, and the same are hereby established, to-wit: Union avenue from Manassas street to East street; Dubose avenue from Marshall avenue to East street; Spring street from the west line of the Dunn tract to East street; Linden street from the west line of the Dunn tract to Middle street; Vance street from the third bayou to East street; East street from Vance to Carr avenue; Carr avenue from East street to Dunlap avenue; Dunlap avenue from Carr avenue to Fort Pickering railroad; Walnut street from Union avenue to Vance street; Marshall avenue from Madison street to Beale street; Union street from Marshall avenue to Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

Upon a resolution in relation to grading Wellington street, the Committee reported favorably.

Adopted.

Passed second reading.

Upon a communication from the City Engineer containing sealed proposals to build a cistern at the intersection of Concord and Main street, your committee report that the cistern be located at the junction of Market and Third streets.

Report adopted.

By the same:

Upon the petition of Charles Siegrist, asking the privilege to remove a small frame building across DeSoto street on to his lot opposite the same, etc., your committee report favorably, and recommend that the prayer of the petitioner be granted.

Adopted.

By the same:

City of Memphis to John Kelly, October, 1867, to amount bill received, cash	Dr. $153 25
November, 1867, to amount bill received, cash	140 85
October, 1867, to amount ambulance bill	21 30
	$315 40
By amount cash per ½ of M. Gavin $112 00	
By amount cash per ½ of C. Curtis 112 50	224 50
Balance due per contract	$91 40

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—I refer to your consideration the accompanying bill. The contract made by the city authorities with me has not been complied with. There is still due $91 40. Please refer this matter to the City Attorney.

JOHN KELLY.

Referred to Committee on Claims, and City Attorney.

PETITIONS.

Upon the petition of W. M. Folwell, executors, etc., stating that the estate of W. M. Folwell, deceased, is heavily indebted to the city on account of past due city tax, that delay of payment by the executors aforesaid has arose from a failure on the part of the city to liquidate and settle with said executors the amount due from the city for ground belonging to the estate of William M. Folwell, deceased, taken or condemned by the city to open a street from Union to Beale street, etc., they now ask an adjustment of the matter, etc. Your committee reports unfavorably.

Adopted.

By Alderman Ellis:

MEMPHIS, June 15, 1869.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—Your undersigned petitioner would most respectfully ask of your honorable body permission to keep a slaughter house on the bank of the river, in the Tenth Ward; said slaughter house to be kept in a clean and tidy manner, so as not to be obnoxious to any one living in the vicinity. Your petitioner further represents that the neighbors in the immediate vicinity have agreed and are willing that the said slaughter house shall remain, under the conditions above alluded to, as will appear from the signatures hereto annexed.

Trusting that your honorable Board will grant the prayer of the petitioner, your humble petitioner will ever pray, etc.

JAMES R. BATES.

MEMPHIS, June 15, 1869.

We, the undersigned, citizens of Memphis and of the Tenth Ward, living contiguous to Dr. J. R. Bates, hereby consent to the said Dr. Bates being allowed to carry on the business of slaughtering at his slaughter house, under the restrictions contained in his petition of even tenor and date herewith, viz: that it shall at all times be kept clean and tidy.

Geo. G. Whitcomb, Jos. Pigeon,
A. W. Woolrecht, Geo. W. Lowder,
John Field.

Referred to Hospital Committee.

The committee report adversely.

Adopted.

MEMPHIS, June 25, 1869.

To the Honorable Board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners, Memphis—W. H. Carne, R. C. M. P., A. P. Burdett, P. C., and Channing Richards:

Your petitioners, residents of the city of Memphis, and residing near the corner of DeSoto and Gayoso streets, would most respectfully represent that one Sarah Gainer occupies and controls about nine rooms on or near said corner; that she keeps at said place a notorious house of ill-fame, and visitors' conduct has become so prevalent at said place that it is dangerous for peaceable, quiet citizens to pass said place after dark.

Petitioners further state that said rooms are occupied by notorious, immoral, drunken and noisy prostitutes, whose principal business is to induce and seduce both black and white to cohabit with them; and that said place is an open and notorious nuisance. Therefore, your petitioners would pray that your honors will take such steps as are necessary to abate said nuisance, and arrest and punish the occupants of said house; and the undersigned will render such assistance as is necessary to accomplish the object so much desired; and they will ever pray, etc.

P. Hartman, A. M. Glasgow,
Joseph Thomas, Samuel Hallman,
And many others.

Referred to Hospital Committee.

The Hospital Committee would recommend that the said premises be declared a nuisance.

Adopted.

By Alderman Joyce:

MEMPHIS, July 23, 1869.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—I am making good improvement on my house, now old and damaged, located in lots Nos. 62 and 63. I respectfully petition that I be allowed to take off the old shingles and replace them with new shingles. This will decrease the risk of fire. The building does not warrant a tin or composition fire-proof roof.

Respectfully,

R. C. BRINKLEY,

By J. L. GOODBAR, agent,
WM. BLACK,
WM. C. ELLIS,
J. C. HOLST,
THOS. JOYCE.

Prayer granted.

By Alderman Cartwright:

MEMPHIS, July 21, 1869.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Your petitioner would respectfully represent to your honorable body that about the close of last year he received of Messrs. William Firber & Sons, of Baltimore, a coupon of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad bond, No. 220, indorsed by the city, due January 1, 1869, for forty dollars. This coupon was lost or mislaid by me, and I suppose destroyed with a lot of refuse papers. Will your honorable body, upon my giving customary and satisfactory security against the coupon ever being presented for payment, authorize the Controller to issue me city scrip or a duplicate coupon for the amount of said lost coupon? And your petitioner as in duty bound will ever pray.

I. M. HILL.

Referred to Committee on Claims.

By the same:

MEMPHIS, July 21, 1869.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

The undersigned, your petitioners, would respectfully inform you that they are the owners of the large four-story building on the corner of Madison and Second streets, known as the Kit Williams block; that there is now being erected on the lot south of and adjoining their building a large plank shed or frame house for purpose of a wood yard, for keeping kindling and split wood, as they are informed and believe; that the said shed or buildings now being erected is within the fire limits of the city, and as it very greatly endangers our building, and very much increases the insurance, we, therefore, pray that the said buildings, etc., be condemned or not allowed, as we believe them to be against the present fire laws. We would also pray that the old wood building just west of the Kit Williams block, on Madison street, be condemned as a nuisance and as against the present fire laws, and be removed, as we believe we are very much endangered thereby, and, in fact, all the surrounding property is more or less endangered thereby.

Very respectfully,

STOVALL & LAIRD.

Referred to Fire Committee.

By the same:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—Your petitioner respectfully requests permission to build a frame shed on the vacant lot adjoining VanBrocklin's stock yard, on the west side of Second street, between Madison and Monroe. The said shed is designed to be forty or fifty feet long, twenty wide and fifteen high, and is to be used for the purpose of storeing wood.

Your petitioner also desires to erect an office on the same lot, said office to be about ten feet square.

The building of the aforesaid shed and office would in no way endanger buildings in case of fire. Therefore your petitioner prays for your immediate permission.

Humbly yours,

GEO. W. BAXTER.

Referred to Fire Committee.

By the same:

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 20, 1869.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—The AVALANCHE being the official journal of the city, requested the TAX COLLECTOR to furnish the list of defaulting tax-payers for publication, but the request was refused. We do not desire to place any obstructions in the way of the municipal government in the collection of its revenues, but do ask that under the contract with the city the AVALANCHE will be fairly dealt by. We ask that the list of delinquent tax-payers be ordered by the Board to be published in the AVALANCHE, as the City Printer, to give sufficient notice to the people of the tax sale, and that a reasonable compensation be allowed by the Board. The AVALANCHE was selected City Printer before the passage of legal advertising law, by which the contract between the city and the AVALANCHE has been grossly vyolated.

Respectfully submitted,

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.,
Proprietors of the AVALANCHE.

Referred to Printing Committee.

By the same:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—The undersigned, a widow with two small children to support by my efforts alone, begs leave to ask at your hands permission to peddle fruit to aid me in making an honest living. I have been peddling for some time past, but my city license expired on the 27th July, 1869, and I am unable to renew it.

Respectfully, LOUISA GARONO.

Referred to Police Commissioners.

By the same:

MEMPHIS, January 15, 1869.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Allow me to again appeal to your deliberate sense of even-handed justice and mercy, trusting that my present petition will meet at your hands a larger share of magnanimity and kind consideration than did my former application for rightful relief—doubtless for lack of a proper or more definite understanding of my real grievance was it rejected. That my property, the northeast part of lot No. 207, and improvements thereon, situated on Exchange street, south side, next to Second alley, has, by your late action, been damaged, is no doubtful question, but certain; the evidences are too manifest to require any other than casual, impartial inspection of the premises, which petitioner invites and respectfully insists upon. And, doubtless, but for the timely intervention of petitioner in having her brick wall next to Second alley securely underpinned with brick, the damage would have been material; say, by your causing the alley along the east side of my brick building to be graded and sunk below my foundation, preparatory to having said alley paved with stone, etc. All that your petitioner now asks in the premises is that she be reimbursed and paid back her reasonable outlay in having her brick wall aforesaid secured against falling—say $65. This amount, petitioner is persuaded, you will not, cannot rationally, refuse or hesitate to allow her, without further dispute. And she will ever pray, etc.

Respectfully, E. G. IDDINGS.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—Allow me to once more and for the last time call your attention to my grievances, set forth in the foregoing printed petition, occasioned by your action as set forth in said petition. I make this, my last appeal for the purpose of avoiding unprofitable and vexatious litigation, etc.

Respectfully, E. G. IDDINGS.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By the same:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

The petitioners of the undersigned respectfully represent that the business and commerce of the city of Memphis will be materially facilitated by granting unto joint stock associations and incorporated companies, who are running or may hereafter run a regular line of steamers to and from this city, having one of the termini at this point, the privilege of owning and mooring a substantial wharfboat at such point at the wharf as may be designated by your honorable body, under such regulations and restrictions as may be provided by ordinance.

The undersigned, therefore, in consideration of the premises, respectfully pray your honorable body to pass an ordinance authorizing the granting of a license to such incorporated or joint stock companies as may come within the provisions of the ordinance, and under such restrictions as the interests of the city may require, and your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray, etc.

T. A. Nelson & Co.,
E. M. Apperson & Co.,
Toof, Phillips & Co.,
Newton, Ford & Co.,
And many others.

Referred to Landing Committee and City Attorney.

By Alderman Holst:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Your petitioners, property-holders on Monroe street, would respectfully ask your honorable body to take early steps toward the repair and improvement of their said street, from DeSoto street to Bayou Gayoso, as it is in winter almost impassible. Your petitioner, R. D. Rambaut, who pays heavy taxes, is especially injured in his business as a warehouse-man by this state of things. The street can be readily improved now at a small expense, much less than it would take if much longer delayed.

J. Mention, R. D. Rambaut,
James Zanone, B. Malatesta,
Joseph Haines, R. Cunningham.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

MEMPHIS, July 20, 1869.

By the same:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

I desire to recover my house, near the corner of Second and Beale streets, with shingles, and here present the consent of all property-holders adjoining the same. A. N. EDMONDS.

We, the property holders adjoining the house of A. N. Edmonds, on Second street, near Beale, are perfectly willing and here give our consent that he shall cover the same with shingles.

C. W. FRAZER,
E. KECK.

The insurance companies insuring the property are perfectly willing to the repairs as above,

BEN. MAY, Secretary.
S. P. READ, Secretary.

The Fire Committee are willing that the prayer of the petitioner be granted.

Prayer granted.

By the same:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

The undersigned, owners and occupants of buildings in the neighborhood of Second and Jefferson streets, seriously object to the building of a frame shed in the rear of our premises as being dangerous to our property, and would request that the privilege given at a former meeting of the Board granting the privilege be repealed.

A. Cardona, J. Montolonico,
James Boggiano, Jno. Wilkinson,
H. N. Trezevant.

Referred to Fire Committee.

By Alderman Cicalla:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Your petitioner respectfully represents that he is agent for the corner lot on corner of Beale and Turley streets, and that he made complaint to your honorable body some time since about the damage then done and increasing every rain by the putting in of a gutter, whereby the water is conveyed through the above lot, by which means the minor heirs are being damaged. Your honors are more particularly referred to the reports of your Improvement Committee and City Engineer. Your petitioner has waited a long time for said damage to be repaired. Your petitioner further represents to your body that for the year 1867 it was assessed at the enormous price of $2300, which price was asked to be reduced, but failed, and that by reason of high assessment, and the city still damaging said property, he is compelled to ask relief by removing said gutter entirely and repairing said damages, either by money or credited by amount of said damage by receipts on tax books of city. All of which you will please give attention, as it gets worse and worse all the time.

Respectfully submitted.

JOE E. BUCHANAN, Guardian,
Per Jerry H. Banks, Agent.

Referred to Committee on Claims.

By the same:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Your petitioners, B. F. Grimes and wife, respectfully state that at a meeting of your Board, on the ____ day of ____, 1859, it was ordered that the sum of $6000 be paid to them and the heirs of the estate of James Boyd, deceased, for real estate of said decedent, on Adams street and Pigeon Roost road, which had been taken by the city and appropriated to public purposes without a previous condemnation; and it was also then ordered that the necessary papers to secure the city in the right and title to said property should be prepared by the City Attorney. Said papers have been duly executed and the City Attorney directed them to be registered in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, which has been done. Your petitioners think that inasmuch as it was the duty of the city to pay all the expenses of condemning the property and securing perfect title, it should now pay the expenses of stamping and certificates—including taxes on deeds, etc.

But your petitioners have been charged with and compelled to pay the sum of nineteen dollars, and they pray that this amount be allowed on account of taxes to become due to the city of Memphis for the present year 1869, from the estate of James Boyd, deceased. This, the 19th of July, 1869.

SUE A. GRIMES, Guardian.

By B. F. Grimes.

Referred to Finance Committee.

By Alderman Gallagher:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Your petitioner, Joseph Walter, respectfully represents to your honorable board that Dr. R. L. Laski being indebted to your petitioner for goods sold to him, did in consideration of said indebtedness, on the 24th day of April, 1869, transfer to your petitioner a claim against the city for services as a physician in vaccinating paupers in the Tenth Ward during the month of April, 1869; that on the 26th day of April, 1869, petitioner and said Laski notified the office of the Controller of said transfer to petitioner; petitioner further states that the Controller refused to pay over to him the amount of said indebtedness—the same being $90 50, for the alleged reason that writs of garnishment have been served upon the Controller since the date of said transfer. Petitioner asks that your honorable board will take such action in this matter as will enable him to secure his just rights, and your petitioner will ever pray, etc. JOS. WALTER.

Referred to Committee on Claims.

By Alderman Ogden:

MEMPHIS, July 19, 1869.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—Your petitioner, Jas Hall, would represent unto you honorable body that he was the owner of a certain horse of great value to him; that the said horse fell into an uncovered cistern upon the vacant lot on or near the northwest corner of South and Tennessee streets on the 17th day of June, 1869, and was greatly injured by said fall, and has been of no value to petitioner since said time, on account of the injuries received by said fall, that your said Board of Mayor and Aldermen had previously been notified of the dangers of said cistern, by resolution and otherwise, but had up to this time failed to have the nuisance abated; and petitioner now asks your honorable body to allow him damages in such an amount as you may see just in the premises, and that a committee be appointed to examine into this affair, to report back to the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis. And your petitioner will ever pray.

Respectfully,

JAMES HALL, petitioner.

Referred to Committee on Claims.

By the same:

MEMPHIS, August, 1869.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—Your petitioner would represent that last spring an order was made by your honorable body to have the sidewalks raised on Elliot street, between Hernando and DeSoto, from the old grade to the new grade made by running the street railroad through that portion of the city. As a law-abiding citizen, I immediately obeyed the order, while my neighbors refused, saying that it was the duty of the city to raise the sidewalks where a new grade was established. Since then, the city has raised the sidewalk of my neighbors at the city expense. Now, gentlemen, as I have taxes to pay, I wish to be placed upon the same footing with my neighbors, and have the amount of the bill, hereunto attached, placed to my credit to pay my taxes, and I will ever pray, etc.

J. POLLOCK.

Referred to Committee on Claims.

By Alderman Moffet:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Your petitioner, Henry Doills, would respectfully show unto your honorable Board that a few weeks since he filed his petition, in connection with Ed. A. Beecher and M. H. Martin, to have damages assessed for opening Exchange street east from Polk, on the portion of lot No. 11, part of country lot 504, belonging to him. R. Dow, H. L. Gwin, and Geo. H. Monsarrat, were selected by the city, and your petitioner, who reported that as to Exchange street, they found the damages had been assessed on the 2d October, 1866, at three hundred dollars, (owner unknown), as will appear in Ward-book No. 12, page 190. Your petitioner is able to show by deeds and full abstract of title that he is the owner of that portion of lot No. 11, taken for Exchange street, and asks that the same be placed to his credit on the books of the city so that he may use the same in the payment of his city taxes. And for this purpose asks that he may be allowed to submit his evidences of title to the City Attorney, or such committee as your honorable Board may designate, with power to act, and your petitioner will ever pray, etc.

HENRY C. DOLLIS.

Referred to Committee on Claims.

By the same:

MEMPHIS, July 22, 1869.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

The subscriber would respectfully show to your honorable body that he is the owner of lots eleven and twelve in the Whitby division, east of the depot of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad; that all of lot number twelve and part of lot number eleven are necessary to the opening of Court street extended, and that if the city desires said street opened he is willing to sell the ground at a fair price, and would ask that a committee be appointed to investigate and report upon the matter to your honorable body.

JOHN JOHNSON.

Referred to City Engineer and City Attorney.

By the same:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—We, the undersigned citizens, tax-payers and residents of the Eighth and Ninth Wards, would respectfully state to your honors the necessity of at once placing a force of hands on the extension of North Winchester street, between Smith's Burying Ground and Raleigh road, for the purpose of grading and establishing the same. We would further state to your honors that the profiles, plans, etc., of same, by Mr. McClure, ex-City Engineer, are now at that office and ready for inspection. This work has been detained a long time, to the great detriment of your petitioners, and hope your Board will take such action in this matter as will warrant the speedy completion of this much-required work, and thus facilitate travel for vehicles and pedestrians, which is or will be indeed a vast thoroughfare. And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray, etc.

Bernard Barron,	P. Cherly,
M. H. Reilly,	P. Madigan.

And many others.

Prayer granted.

By Alderman Vincent:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Your petitioner, the undersigned, would respectfully represent to your honorable body that he is the owner of the property on the northeast corner of Mulberry and Linden streets; that it consists of about one quarter of the square; that the same is situated almost on the edge of the fire limits, and a frame building that would be situated on the corner of this property, were it to take fire, would only destroy his own property.

Your petitioner would pray to your honorable body for the privilege of putting up a frame building upon the corner of Mulberry and Linden streets. Trusting that your honorable body will grant the prayer of petitioner, without delay, he will ever pray, etc.

JAMES MCKNIGHT.

Referred to Fire Committee.

By Alderman Williams:

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—Your petitioner, John Finley, would most respectfully petition your honorable body to give him some compensation for losing his leg in the employment of the city, or some employment that he can make a respectable living at. Your petitioner, in duty bound, will ever pray.

Referred to Committee on Claims.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Vincent:

Resolved, etc., That the Street Commissioner be and is hereby ordered to put in good condition Seventh street (or old Randolph road), from Will street to the Brick Church.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That a lamp be erected in front of the brick Presbyterian Church; also in front of "The Church of the Good Shepherd;" also in front of the "Advent Church;" also in front of the Baptist Church, on Fifth street, all in Chelsea.

Referred to Gas Committee.

By Alderman Moffet:

Resolved, etc., That the City Engineer be instructed to repair the public cistern on Alabama street, near Jones avenue, without delay.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the premises of Sarah Gaynor, on Gayoso street, near DeSoto, be and is hereby declared a nuisance; and that the police proceed immediately to have the same abated.

Adopted.

[Continued on Third Page.]

MEDICAL.

How Much does it Cost?

It will only cost you one dollar and twenty-five cents to buy a bottle of EDWARD WILDER'S BRONACH BITTERS, which will certainly cure you, or any of your family, of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and all species of indigestion, Intermittent Fever, and all periodical disorders. It will give immediate relief in Colic and Flux. It will cure Costiveness. It is a mild and delightful invigorant for delicate females. It is a safe anti-bilious alterative and tonic for all family purposes. It is a powerful vermifuge after the frame has been reduced and attenuated by sickness. It is an excellent appetizer, as well as strengthener of the digestive forces, and is desirable alike as a corrective and mild cathartic.

How Much does it Cost?

It will only cost you one dollar to buy a bottle of EDWARD WILDER'S COMPOUND EXTRACT WILD CHERRY, which has never been known to fail in giving rapid and prompt relief in all kinds of Coughs, Colds, and Catarrhs. In Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Asthma, and Phthysic, it gives immediate comfort, followed by rapid cure. It is also admirably adapted to the relief of the Cough and difficulty of breathing in Consumption. In Pneumonia, Winter Fever, Pleurisy, and every conceivable form of Pulmonary disease, it is indispensable, and should always be kept in every household.

How Much does it Cost?

It will only cost you one dollar to buy a bottle of EDWARD WILDER'S CHILL TONIC, which is purely vegetable, and will not only cure you or any of your family, of Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague, and every form, type and variety of Malarial or Paludal Fever or Affections, but will entirely drive them from the system, which no other Chill medicine now made will do. Don't buy any of the old and worse than valueless nostrums, but use only EDWARD WILDER'S CHILL TONIC, as a cure is guaranteed in all cases.

How Much does it Cost?

It will only cost you twenty-five cents to buy a bottle of EDWARD WILDER'S MOTHER'S WORM SYRUP, which will certainly relieve your children of Worms, which are indicated by pains in the stomach, swelling of the abdomen, picking of the nose and ears, bad breath, variable appetite, etc. It is a pure syrup, and children will readily eat it, spread on bread, and it is entirely harmless in its nature, and never has been known to fail in giving prompt relief to the little sufferers.

How Much does it Cost?

It will only cost you twenty-five cents to buy a box of EDWARD WILDER'S FAMILY PILLS, which is the best known combination of Medicine for Constipation or Sluggish Bowels. In these conditions of the alimentary canal, they are perfectly infallible. As a purgative in all Fever and Inflammatory diseases, Acute Rheumatism, Inflammation of the Liver, Brain, Kidneys and Bladder, Fever and Ague, Sore Eyes, Dullness of the Head, Vertigo, Dizziness, etc., they cannot be excelled, and no family should ever be without them.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

Edward Wilder & Co.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

No. 215 Main Street, Marble Front,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

For sale in Memphis by

G. C. Ward & Bro.,
W. N. Wilkerson & Co.,
G. W. Jones & Co.

WILLIAM ORGILL. EDMUND ORGILL. G. L. DENDSON. A. S. MCNEAR.

ORGILL BRO'S & CO.,

Importers and dealers in Hardware, Cutlery, Etc.,

Nos. 310 and 312 FRONT STREET,

MEMPHIS, TENN

A complete assortment of Foreign and Domestic Hardware.

We are direct importers of all our foreign goods.

We purchase our Domestic Goods from the manufacturers.

We are enabled to offer great advantages to the trade.

We are sole agents in Memphis for the Gaffee-street Brass Cotton Gin, also Buckeye Reapers and Mowers, Marvin & Co.'s Security Corraded Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, Sorghum Mills, Stedfast's (Cincinnati) Wheat and Corn Mills, And many other articles too numerous to mention.

Agricultural Implements in great variety.

French Window Glass, Iron, Metals, Castings, Belting, Wheat Threshers, etc

Terms Cash, or short time acceptance. may11

MEDICAL.

DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY.

The Largest and Oldest Institution of the kind in the Southwest; Established Nine Years, and the Only Reliable Place for the Cure of

Private Diseases.

DR. RUSSELL, No. 42 North Court Street, north side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is actively engaged by all parties interested at or for the

MOST SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIAN

In the treatment of Private and Secret Diseases.

QUICK, thorough and permanent cures guaranteed in every case, male or female. Recent cases of Gonorrhea and Syphilis cured in a few days, without the use of Mercury, change of diet, or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis, the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Sufferers from Impotency, or Loss of Sexual Power, restored to their vigor in a few weeks. Gleet or Gonorrhea of long standing, when all "internal remedies have failed, permanently and speedily cured by a New Treatment.

Victims of self-abuse and excessive venery, suffering from spermatorrhea and loss of physical and mental power, speedily and permanently cured. All consultations strictly confidential.

Office hours from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 2 to 8 p. m. Dr. Russell's Medical Circular, detailing Physician.

D. G. WARRAN, Secretary.

Treatise on Chronic Diseases furnished free on application. jan1ly

NAVIGATION.

Mississippi Valley Navigation Company of the South and West.

Office No. 12 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Capital stock $1,500,000
Shares ..... $100 each

BOOKS for subscription to the capital stock of the Company are open at this office, where parties may subscribe either in money or lands.

may12 C. V. ROCKETT, Agent.

DISSOLUTION.

Dissolution.

THE firm of Vinson & Donahue is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The firm name will be signed by either partner in liquidation. J. VINSON.
JNO. DONOHUE.

Memphis, July 1, 1869. jy13

Dissolution.

THE firm of W. P. Wright & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent on June 30th, 1869. Either name is good in settling outstanding accounts. Messrs. Halsted & Mallory are absolutely authorized to receive and receipt for any moneys due us, and to enforce collections on claims, if necessary. W. P. WRIGHT.
July 5, 1869. W. M

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR FLOATER.—H. R. SHERROD, of Fayette county, to the republican voters of the Convention of July 28th. Platform: Repeal of the platforms of Universal Suffrage, Registration Taxes, Anti-Appropriation or "Force," and the organization of militia in times of peace; for which reasons we are authorized to submit his claims to the people of Shelby, Fayette and Tipton counties. jy17

IN compliance with the request of many friends, I announce myself as a candidate for Senator in the next General Assembly, from the counties of Madison, Hardeman, Fayette and Tipton. D. W. McALISTER. jy29

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NO CURE, NO PAY!—Stout's Tonic Syrup cures chills and fever or money refunded. Sold by [jy31] M. BUSH, 97 Main street.

WANTS.

WANTED—By a young man, board in a nice private family, where there are some or but few boarders. Address, to-day or to-morrow, with terms, etc., N. R. A., 316 Front street.

WANTED—An intelligent and steady man as porter in a hardware store. Constant employment at good wages given to the right sort of a man. Young German preferred. Apply to ALLISON BROS., aug4 270 Front street.

WANTED—To rent, a comfortable residence; house to contain six or seven rooms, besides kitchen and servant's room, to be situated between Market and Union streets, or on Shelby street. Possession required between the 20th of August and 1st of September. Address, James S. Carpenter & Co., 45 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn. jy29

WANTED—A young lady of experience wishes a situation as governess. She teaches music on the piano; the usual English branches, with rudiments of Latin and French. References given and required. Address, stating terms for ten months, Miss A. B. C., care of Captain J. B. Hope, Editor Norfolk Virginian, Norfolk. jy26

WANTED—A horizontal engine, with boiler of the capacity of 8 horse power. Inquire at this office. jy7

FOR SALE.

RESIDENCE FOR SALE—An ornate and elegant COTTAGE HOUSE. jy28 W. A. WHEATLEY, Bethel Block.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two-story frame House, six (6) rooms and large back yard, on the corner of Third and Greenlaw streets. Terms very moderate. Apply at this office. aug1

FOR RENT—From 8th of August, or 8th of September, the cool and spacious "ATKIN RESIDENCE," on Hernando Road, near the street cars. The place is beautiful and healthy. W. A. WHEATLEY, jy20 Rental Agent, Bethel Block.

TO RENT—Two new houses, on Spring street, near Central Point, with eight rooms each. One of the houses furnished and garden. Inquire of B. D. Williams or H. Crocker, M. & I. R. R. office, 16 Madison street. jy13

FOR RENT—Offices and rooms at 16 Jefferson street. Apply at City Bank, corner Jefferson and Front. jy4

THURSDAY ::::: AUGUST 5, 1869

Universal Suffrage Ticket

FOR GOVERNOR,

DeWITT C. SENTER.

FOR SUPT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

ALBERT J. TIPTON.

FOR SENATOR,

JOHN CUBBINS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,

H. TOWNSEND,

SAM H. JONES.

FOR FLOATER,

H. R. SHERROD,

of Fayette.

Election, August 5th, 1869.

IT is the almost invariable custom of speakers and the public press to magnify the importance of impending elections. In all contests for the suffrage of the people the candidates and their friends represent the occasion as a crisis, and the destiny of the nation as depending upon the result. But in the election to-day, we can employ no hyperbole that could possibly exaggerate the gravity of the occasion. It towers grandly above all other contests in Tennessee. Heretofore the only issue involved in our elections was simply whether the "ins" should stay in, or the "outs" stay out. But to-day it is a struggle between freedom and despotism. It is not a contest as to how men shall vote; but a contest as to whether men shall have the right to vote. It is a contest big with the fate of Tennessee and every family and individual within her borders. The issues at stake are of the most momentous character, and well calculated to awaken the most intense solicitude in the minds of every patriot. No man, who has measured this great crisis, and has an adequate perception of the untold disasters that defeat would entail upon us, can divest himself of a gnawing sense of uneasiness, and a painful anxiety as to the result. OUR ALL IS AT STAKE, AND TO-DAY WILL DECIDE our destiny. No man with a heart in his bosom, with love for his kind, respect for his own fate, and solicitude for his honor, character and welfare of his State, can feel otherwise than profoundly anxious. We have faith as to the result. If it be true that "thrice armed is he who hath his quarrel just," we have no fears as to the result, for we are with a panoply invulnerable to all the shafts which the crusaders upon the liberties of the people may hurl. Our candidates are as impregnable as our principles. D. W. C. SENTER, the candidate for Governor, is with us on the great, pressing, absorbing, and vital question of the hour—the deliverance of our people from slavery, from anarchy and hate, and the preservation and advancement of all the great interests of the State. He has staked his all on the result. He is a man, popular with all who know him, of high character and fine abilities, and is as warmly devoted to the honor and welfare of the State as any citizen within its borders. In his hands, we are certain that all our national interests will be safe, that the affairs of the State will be managed in a spirit of kindness to the people and with strict reference to the general good. ALBERT J. TIPTON, candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, has been put forward by his friends in East Tennessee, and it is the duty of all to give him a cordial and enthusiastic support. It is a contest between TIPTON, who favors enfranchisement, and MCDOWELL, who opposes enfranchisement; and with such issues no man can hesitate as to how he ought to cast his vote. JOHN CUBBINS, our candidate for State Senator, is one of our oldest and most reliable citizens. He is a mechanic of solid intellect, and will make a splendid representative of the working classes of Shelby. Having always remained unostentatiously at home, he has not filled the noisy trump of fame, but he has made many trophies. If he has not gashed the bosom of the earth to make millions of graves for his fellow-men, he has given employment to the idle, homes to the homeless, bread to the hungry and clothing to the naked. If he has not filled the land with widows and orphans, widows and orphans have shared of his bounty. Vote for H. TOWNSEND, our candidate for the Lower House. He is a young lawyer of talent and promise. The nomination which he has received does him much honor under the circumstances, and we know Mr. TOWNSEND will reflect honor upon his constituents. He is thoroughly identified in all the issues of the hour, and in the next Legislature will prove their most efficient advocate. SAM. H. JONES, the other candidate for the House of Representatives, is an honest, industrious, hard working farmer. He has talent, vim and indomitable energy, and will make a valuable, useful member of the Legislature. He is quick in discernment, practical in all his habits, understands the people, and just the man needed in the councils of the State. H. R. SHERROD, the nominee for Floater, is a worthy citizen of Fayette county. He resides in the country, and is thoroughly familiar with the peculiarities of the country people. He is a safe depository of the interests of the people of the district, being thoughtful, discreet and prudent. His worldly thrift is strong evidence of his business qualifications. He is plain, practical, unassuming, and the architect of his own fortune, and is represented as possessing a nature full of generous goodness. Is everything done that needs to be accomplished to secure the election of such a ticket? Friends, are you fully prepared for the great battle in which these candidates propose leading you to-day? Has unfailing measures been adopted to bring out every voter to the polls? Have provisions been made for the feebled and aged? Is everything prepared for the tremendous struggle involving such momentous issues? Be on the ground early. When you have voted, see that your neighbor deposits his ballot early in the day. Vote yourself, then work with unremitting industry until the polls close. Let not a vote be lost. If your neighbors are not on the ground in good time start out after them. See that they are supplied with true tickets. Don't talk, but act! The time for discussion has passed. ACTION, firm, energetic ACTION, is what is now needed. Make no boasts of what you are going to do—BUT DO IT. Let not the tongue perform the labor of the hand. Engage in no broils—vindicate your rights calmly, peacefully, effectually. Rally your forces and rout your enemies. It can be done, and it will be done if you do your duty. Do your part of it. Let such a flood of majorities come pouring in to-night from each ward and civil district as will stand out in letters of light as beacon-stars of hope, and cause down-trodden Liberty to raise her beaming brow to heaven.

WE understand that there are a few rose-water voters in our midst who express a determination not to vote, because, forsooth, they have some peculiar objections to some name on the ticket. If the Indians had captured your wife and daughter, would you hesitate as to the man you employed to rescue them? If the ship were sinking, would you sink and drown rather than seek safety in a pirate's life-boat? You are in chains. Do you refuse to leave your dungeon and to live and move in the bright sunlight of heaven because the chains chafing your ankles are to be shattered by a bungling blacksmith? Men with their faces in the dust and the heel of tyrants upon their necks are not generally fastidiously nice as to the means by which they extricate themselves from a position so hateful and disagreeable. It is madness, it is sheer folly; it is childish, silly and contemptible, to refuse to strive for the highest attainable good because we cannot get everything in its original purity. JACK had but one reason for not eating his supper, and that was because he couldn't get it; and the disfranchised people of Tennessee have but one reason for not nominating and running a candidate for Governor who had been with them in misfortune, and that was because they couldn't elect him. Let us give the Universal Suffrage tickets a cordial, honest support, not because every name is perfectly acceptable, but because the worst name on our ticket is better than the best name on the other ticket; and as one of the other must be elected, let us unite in support of the least objectionable.

THIS is the day for voting and urging others to vote. If the people will do their duty with activity and energy, a thousand votes can be made to-day for the universal suffrage ticket. Go at it, then, fellow-citizens, with your sleeves rolled up, for a good day's work. If you desire prosperity in your business, work to defeat the Radicals. If you desire order and stability in your State Government, in order to induce enterprise, capital and population to enter it, vote against the Radicals. If you wish to shut down upon carpet-baggers, scalawags and adventurers, and make this no longer a field for their insolent speculations and daring robberies of the public offices, vote against the Radicals. If you wish self-government and your State offices, from Governor down, to be filled with your own people by your own votes, do all you can to defeat the Radicals. If you wish peace between whites and blacks and to get rid of the incendiaries who have stirred up strife and distrust between them, go against the Radicals. If you wish Tennesseeans to rule Tennessee, and not carpet-baggers and the floating and speculating scum from the slums of Northern society, go it heavy against those opposed to enfranchisement. The registration show a heavy majority. If we can prevent the imported negroes from voting three or four times, and will use some effort to procure colored support, our majority will be many thousands.

STOKES OR SENTER! Choose ye between them! What true man can halt or hesitate? Who can doubt when the choice is between two such men? STOKES is a blatant demagogue, who would ascend to power on the ruins of his State, and by cultivating all the base passions of the human heart. SENTER proposes to soothe the asperities of the past, and to build up the credit of the State and the ruined fortunes of the people. SENTER is known to be true. He has not shrunk from grave responsibilities. He has shown Roman firmness, for it required boldness and bravery to assume the position he occupies. STOKES is false—a political trimmer who cares nothing for the public good so he can ascend to power. SENTER wishes to give freedom from the shackles which despotism has placed upon the tax-paying people: STOKES would forge additional fetters and prepare further degradation. SENTER is laboring to eradicate the bitterness of feeling engendered by the war. STOKES is a proscriptive partizan who would disfranchise all who will not bend the knee to his ambition. SENTER'S policy would build up Tennessee. STOKE'S policy would ruin the State. What man can hesitate as to where he will cast his vote between two such men?

We do not know what police arrangements will be made for the election to-day. Hundreds of negroes imported from Mississippi and Arkansas, are in the city to be voted. Our friends have closely watched the movements of those who seek by fraud to prevent a fair election. A large number of negroes camped on the public square the city last night. They are from Arkansas, and will attempt to vote for STOKES and the Confederate ticket. Whenever one of these imported voters attempts to cast a ballot he will be arrested, and a vigorous prosecution will follow the arrest. We warn these poor ignorant colored people against allowing themselves to be used as dupes. It is reported in Radical circles that some of the lower wards will be seized by negroes early in the day, that the illegal importations may be voted in them. If the Superintendent of Police does his duty he will have all the polls strongly guarded. We urge him to do this. Every one, black as well as white, entitled to vote, will have an opportunity to deposit his ballot; but Arkansas and Mississippi shall not participate in this election.

WE understand the beetle-browed negro ruffians from the slums of this city are preparing to renew their intimidations toward those who propose to vote for enfranchisement and Universal Suffrage to-day. The effort will not succeed. Those true colored men who have so long stood up for the rights of the white, are not to be browbeaten and cheated by HAMILTON'S hired bullies. Our colored friends know their rights, and it is about time they dare maintain them. For three years they have endured contumely, insult, and been kicked about like dogs, and it is about time they were protected from the black scoundrels who have so long hunted them down.

THE election of STOKES would be a disgrace to the age and ruinous to the best interests of the State, and at once mar the conciliatory feeling that now pervades the State. But if he were by any accident to be elected we could manage to live under his infamous rule provided we controlled the Legislature of the State. A shrewd observer of human nature discovered that music always touched the heart, and he said: "Permit me to make your ballads and I care not who makes your laws." We can survive the election of STOKES, but let us take care, above all things, to secure the Legislature. It is the body which is to make ballads for the people.

THE universal suffrage candidate for Senator, nominated in the Gibson District, is W. M. HALL. J. A. LACKEY is the nominee for Representative from Dyer and Lauderdale, Judge HALL is a Conservative Republican, and was one of the most liberal members of the last Senate. Both he and Dr. LACKEY are first-rate men, and will be elected by large majorities. They represent the popular feeling which is for white enfranchisement through universal suffrage.

THERE should be no disputing at the polls to-day. Our friends should not be diverted from their duties by a useless discussion of candidates or principles. That has all gone by. GET OUT THE VOTERS—that is the main point, that is the work for the day. Leave talking until the polls are closed, and then you can spend the balance of the day in cheering and shouting and singing.

"Sound the loud timbrel o'er Egypt's dark sea,"
Suffrage "has triumphed, our people are free."

LAST November Sugar HAMILTON was elected to Congress for the State at large. Why is he now a candidate for State Senator? Does he propose to hold two offices at once? A greedy dog with a piece of meat in his mouth on crossing a stream, saw his shadow in the water, plunged in to secure what he thought was another piece of of meat, and lost both. HAMILTON in his anxiety to get two offices, will lose both.

THE enemies to enfranchisement and to peace are beaten. They see and know it just as well as if it were written across the sky. They feel it in the very marrow of their bones. Their own stricken consciences whispers to their own contrite souls—*defeat!* If they do not see it to-day they will hear it to-night in the thunder tones of the people, and in the wild shouts of emancipated freemen.

WE understand that a good many negroes from Arkansas reached this city yesterday evening and intend making an effort to vote to-day. We have the name of a prominent colored man from Arkansas who openly brags that he has heretofore voted in this city, and is now here making negotiations for paying, quartering and feeding the voters he has contracted to import from Arkansas.

THE friends of peace and enfranchisement will hear all sorts of lies to-day, fabricated for the purpose of injuring our cause and our candidates. Pay no heed to any rumor you may hear on the streets. The business of to-day is solely to work and toil for the gallant men who represent our cause.

A PRINTED list of every registered voter, with the number of his certificate opposite his name, will be found at each poll to-day. Whenever a man, white or black, proposes to vote in a name different from that marked opposite his number he will be arrested as *prima facia* evidence of a desire to commit fraud.

A SCRATCHED ticket is a vote for disfranchisement and continued strife. A name erased from our ticket gives one more to our enemy. It is a poor spite and bad business so to act, and highly inconsistent in every man professing to be governed by principles and bound by organization. Don't do it.

FIVE HUNDRED negroes will be imported to this city to-day. If each one votes at each ward eight or ten times, as has heretofore been the custom, and as HAMILTON proposes to-day, it will make a difference of five thousand votes—and thereby carry the county for HAMILTON.

HAMILTON committed perjury, and he would not hesitate to commit any infamy to secure his election. When ever he approaches the ballot box, let the proper officers watch him or he will stuff it with a handfull of spurious votes.

SECRETARY BOUTWELL is slapped on all sides for his impudent attempt to interfere in Tennessee affairs. The votes at the polls to-day will give him a slap which will cause the party of all proscriptionists to smart for a life time.

A MAN who steals sugar would not scruple to purchase voters, and vote them at every box in the county.

ALL the friends of Senter should vote to-day is a fair full and an honest election. An effort will be made to vote imported negroes several times in various wards. The police must immediately arrest every man who makes the effort.

IN the election to-day, let us all make up our minds in advance to act like rational beings, and avoid everything that can tend to popular excitement, and disturbance. Those who have certificates of registration are entitled to vote, and vote they must and will.

SHELBY county ought to give a majority of at least two thousand to-day for Universal Suffrage. But if four or five hundred negroes are permitted to vote eight or ten times our candidates will be defeated by two thousand majority.

THE only danger to be apprehended to-day is from the same negroes voting at different boxes. This point must be watched; and every man attempting it should be arrested and punished as the law directs.

REMEMBER the polls open at nine o'clock and close at four o'clock. Only seven hours for voting! Unless our friends fire rapidly and fall back, our majority will not reach over two thousand.

THE pest is dead, but a living present and future, pregnant with the most vital interests, is still in our hands. Let us show by our vote to-day that we appreciate the "situation."

OUR country exchanges thoroughly understand the issues to be decided to-day, and very properly invoke their friends to rally around the nominees on the Universal Suffrage ticket.

LOOK to your ballot sharply before putting it into the box! All sorts of tricks will be played! See that you have the right candidates on your ticket.

THE only trouble likely to occur to day will be occasioned by Sugar HAMILTON'S imported voters, who will endeavor to vote several times.

STAND to the regular nominees to-day—vote straight without scratching a single name of the champions of universal suffrage.

BEWARE of spurious tickets. Watch the swindlers and see that none but genuine tickets get into the boxes.

WHOEVER, having a certificate, fails to vote for SENTER and the Universal Suffrage ticket, practically votes for STOKES.

WHOEVER votes for STOKES votes for the disfranchisement of the white men of Tennessee. Remember that.

LOOK out for fraudulent tickets to-day.

TELEGRAPH.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES

ALABAMA.

A Few Facts about the Congressional Election—The Democrats Victorious—Sherrod Elected in the Tuscumbia District.

Special to the Memphis Avalanche.]

IUKA, MISS., August 4.—Colonel William C. Sherrod (Democrat), is elected by a large majority from the Sixth Alabama Congressional District.

Associated Press Dispatches.]

SELMA, ALA., August 4.—The election passed off quietly. Reports from several beats show a considerable falling off from the election of last year. The vote in this city resulted as follows: Buckley, 2038; Mann, 511; Republican loss, 511; Democratic loss, 182. In the Union beat Mann has 328, and Buckley none.

MONTGOMERY, August 4.—The election news is meager, but as far as heard from, the vote is less than that of last year, probably in favor of Parkinson, Democrat, in the Third District by a handsome majority.

The contest between Worthey, Democrat, and Buckley, Radical, in the Second District, will be much closer than expected, and the latter's friends are fearful of his defeat, in consequence of the great falling off of the negro vote.

MOBILE, August 4.—Mann's majority in Mobile county, as far as heard from, is 1459; several precincts are yet to be heard from. His majority in the county will probably be 1800.

Advices from the court-house of Baldwin county, state that a negro mob took possession of the polls; beat one white man, and prevented any Democratic negroes from voting, and were very riotous, and the sheriff could not control them. That precinct gives Buckley 220 majority.

LATEST.

MOBILE, August 4.—A private telegram from Montgomery, addressed to a Government officer in Washington, says Buckley, of the Montgomery District; Buck, of Mobile, and Days, (Radicals), are elected to Congress. The 3d District is doubtful. Macon, Elmore and two other counties give Radical majorities. The full returns of Lee county have not yet been received. As far as heard from Parkinson has one thousand majority.

BOSTON.

A Woman Murdered in Presence of her Husband by a Mississippi Carpet-bagger.

BOSTON, MASS., August 4.—Mrs. Dr. Hobbs was shot dead in her parlor last night in the presence of her husband and children, by Thomas L. White, of Tennessee, a patient. White, was arrested. An inquest will be held to-morrow. The murderer White came from Nova Scotia, and studied law in this city, and was admitted to practice. When the war commenced, he enlisted in the Ninth Massachusetts regiment as a private, and served with distinction. He was severely wounded at Fredericksburg, and subsequently promoted to the rank of Major for gallantry. Of late he has resided in Mississippi, and was a delegate from that State (?) to the Chicago Convention of 1868, and has since acted as a registering officer, a position secured to him by his friends, through General Dent. He came to Boston about two weeks ago, from Mississippi, suffering from a pulmonary complaint, and having been an intimate friend of Dr. Hobbs and wife, was taken into their family for medical treatment. It is asserted that he was in love with Mrs. Hobbs, and a monomaniac in his devotion.

The bark John Wooster sailed to-day for Constantinople with a cargo of 7996 muskets for the Turkish Government. A similar cargo was shipped three weeks ago.

PHILADELPHIA.

A Terrible Fire Raging at Midnight.

PHILADELPHIA, August 4—11 p.m. A two million and a half fire is raging.

WASHINGTON.

The Supreme Court Decisions Reserved—The Chief Justice Confined to his Bed.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—New developments are being made daily, exposing the infamous tax claim frauds and backs. Two specimens received to-day bear witness that they are now issued for all the defects, previously referred to, have been removed, and the general appearance of the notes so exactly correspond with the genuine that it almost defies detection by professional experts.

The General Commissioner of the Land Office has issued a letter from the Surveyor of the boundary line between California and Oregon, announcing the establishment of the line as far as 191 miles. The work will probably be completed during the present month.

The Revenue Bureau has ordered a change of tobacco stamps for two ounce packages, of class No. 18, for a strip stamp. The new series of tobacco stamps, registered, will soon be ready for issue. The new registered stamps are promised in ten days.

SARATOGA.

The Races—A Lively Day at the Famous Watering Place.

SARATOGA, August 4.—The race to-day for the Traverse stake was won by Belmont's Greeley beating Cameron's Jurercauld and Cotton's colt by Eclipse. Distance, one mile and three quarters. Time, 3:14.

The sweepstakes for all ages, one mile and a quarter, was won by Narragansett, beating Corsican by three lengths, Alta Vela being a close third, and Metaire a good fourth. The rest were beaten off. Time, 3:10. The other runners were, Nemesis, Cattrell, Lancaster, Banshee and Jubal.

The Flush stakes, for two year olds, of a half mile, was won by Morris' Remorseless in 4:91, Belmont's Nellie James being second, E. Thomson's Lexington filly third, with a length between each. Intrigue, Chesnut, Censor, Betty Bay, Chillicothe, Harbinger, and a Glendower filly were also runners.

CINCINNATI.

Progress of the Textile Fabric Exposition.

CINCINNATI, August 4.—The Exposition of Textile Fabrics has grown in magnitude and importance. Good judges place the number in the visiting rooms to-day at 20,000 persons. The indications are that there will be a jam to-morrow. All day the spacious store rooms in which it is held were packed with enthusiastic spectators. The rooms are wide and well lighted, and have an aggregate length of 750 feet. The spectators are startled and gratified with the evidence and perfection of the manufacture of textile goods in the West. Eight new boxes of goods arrived to-day. The total number of entries are 1284.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 4.—The Cuban Junta to-day forwarded a protest to the President and Secretary Fisk against the proposed purchase of Cuba from the Spanish Government. It is alleged that two-thirds of the island is owned by native Cubans, and is now held by the autorities of free Cuba.

Manuel Cortez, one of the Cuban patriots, was arrested to-day on the charge of attempting to pass a forged check for $3000.

ATLANTA, GA.

Sentence of Incendiaries to the Penitentiary.

ATLANTA, GA., August 4.—The motion for a new trial for the incendiaries Beals and Duke, after an able argument, was overruled and the prisoners sentenced; Beals to ten years and Duke to five years and six months in the Western penitentiary.

NASHVILLE.

Preparing for the Struggle.

NASHVILLE, August 4.—Public interest in the election to-morrow does not abate. The supporters of both Senter and Stokes are very active. Stokes' friends claim that he has been steadily gaining for the past two weeks, but there has been no serious reaction. The Federal officeholders in this city, who were recently all Sente r men, are now, with one exception, supporting Stokes, but their change of position comes too late. The prospect continues favorable for Senter and a liberal Legislature.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

A Protest from the Cuban Junta—Arrest of a Cuban Patriot—A Spanish Loan.

HAVANA, August 4.—The Captain General has authorized the Spanish bank to issue a second loan. The proceeds of the confiscated estates are specially pledged for its redemption. The number of volunteers on the island is 36,000.

ST. LOUIS.

New Freight Tariff on the Union Pacific Railroad—Mormon Immigration.

ST. LOUIS, August 4.—An Omaha dispatch says a new freight tariff went into operation on the Union Pacific Railroad yesterday thirty to forty per cent. lower than the previous rates.

Heavy fruit shipments are coming daily from California for Eastern markets.

Four hundred and fifty Mormons, principally Danes, arrived at Omaha yesterday, *en route* to Salt Lake.

FOREIGN.

The French Reserves to be Called out—Carlist Movements—Portugal and Ocean Cables.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 4.—It is asserted that the Government will shortly call out the reserves.

It is reported that a formidable uprising of the Carlists has occurred in Tortosa and Terril. Official advices contradict the statement that two Carlist prisoners had been shot by order of the Council of War. Several bands of Carlists in different parts of the country have scattered within the past few days.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, August 4.—The Chamber has adopted a resolution authorizing the Government to grant concessions to companies desiring to lay cables to or from Portugal.

RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, August 4.—The River is falling at this point.

NEW ORLEANS, August 4.—Departed: Great Republic, for St. Louis.

LOUISVILLE, August 4.—The river is falling, with five feet nine inches in the canal. Arrived: Peytona and barges.

CAIRO, August 4.—Up: Rubicon, 7 a.m; Shark, 6 p.m. Down: Minnesota, 11 a.m. The river fell seven inches. The weather is clear and warm.

CINCINNATI, August 4.—Arrived: Sam. J. Hale. The river is falling, with nineteen feet and a half in the channel.

MARRIED.

WATKINS—BERLIN—On Wednesday evening, at the residence of the bride's father, Ingersoll Hill, Miss Mary Berlin, to Mr. Edward Watkins, all of this city. No cards.

New Advertisements.

AUCTION SALES.

Attractive sale of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLASSWARE, ETC., AT AUCTION.

Thursday Morning, Aug. 5, at 10 o'clock,

—BY—

GOTTLIEB & EZERIEL,

Corner Second and Adams Streets.

aug4

NOTICES.

Special Election Notice.

OFFICE OF SUPT METROPOLITAN POLICE, 24 MADISON STREET, Memphis, Tenn., August 5, 1869.

PERSONS passing to and fro on any road in the county on this day, leading to the city, or any voting precinct, must not be molested.

No person will be allowed to act as patrol on any such road, except specially designated by the Superintendent of Police.

Any violation of this notice will be reported at once at this office.

aug5 W. H. PEARNE, Sup't M. P.

OFFICIAL.

Proclamation.

MAYOR'S OFFICE—CITY HALL, MEMPHIS, TENN., Aug. 5, 1869.

WHEREAS, Thursday, the 5th day of August, 1869, being election day in the city and State, it is enjoined upon all classes of our citizens and all persons in the city that they observe strictly all the laws and ordinances designed for the preservation of peace and order, and, so far as they may, aid and encourage the lawful authorities, to the end that such peace and order may prevail, and the general excellent reputation of the city, on such occasions, be maintained.

J. T. SWAINE, Mayor pro tem. aug5

MILLS.

D. PANTE. E. PARKER. S. WORKMAN.

PANTE, PARKER & CO.,

BLUFF CITY MILLS,

197 Poplar Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.

Flour, Ship Stuff, Bran, Middlings and Corn Meal for Sale.

☞ Highest Market Price paid for Wheat. ☜

PROPOSALS.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Board of Visitors of Memphis City Schools, in Odd Fellows' Hall, until 9 o'clock of August 9th:

1. For the inside plastering of the Peabody School House.

2. For the grading of the lot on Linden street owned by the Board.

3. For tearing down the brick buildings on the lot on Linden street, and, with the materials, building a Janitor's House thereon. Particulars of the work can be ascertained by application to Captain Lenow, Chairman of the Committee on School Buildings and Grounds.

Proposals to be addressed to the Chairman of the Committee on School Buildings, and to be indorsed "Proposals for Work." The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Bids for each class of work should be made separate, each bid to be accompanied by the name of a responsible surety, and to be made on the basis of cash payments.

THOMAS R. SMITH, August 4, 1869. President of the Board.

BANKRUPTCY.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee, ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 4th day of August, A. D., 1869, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

THOMAS J. HICKS,

Individually and as one of the firm of Hicks & Smith, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 40 Main street, Memphis, Tennessee, before Hon. T. J. Latham, Register, on the 25th day of August, A. D., 1869, at ten o'clock a.m.

Memphis, Tenn., 4th day of August, A. D. 1869.

J. M. TOMENY, United States Marshal, as Messenger, aug5 Western District of Tennessee.

ASSIGNEES' NOTICES.

NOTICE.

District of West Tennessee, In Bankruptcy. ss.

At Memphis, Tennessee, 4th day of August, 1869.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JOSEPH S. SHAW, individually and as one of the firm of J. S. Shaw & Co., of Memphis, Shelby county, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

O. WOOLDRIDGE, Assignee. aug5

SCHOOLS.

Memphis Female Seminary.

FALL SESSION will open WEDNESDAY, September 1st. For catalogues or circulars call at Young's Bookstore, or at No. 109 Madison street.

aug5 Mrs. A. D. HAILE, Principal.

Haile's English and Classical School for Boys.

FALL SESSION opens Wednesday, September 1st, at No. 351 Third street. For circulars call at 109 Madison street.

aug5 A. J. HAILE, Principal.

DISSOLUTION.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between Geo. W. Taylor and Jacob Weller is this day dissolved by limitation, Geo. W. Taylor retiring; Jacob Weller assuming all indebtedness of the firm, and is alone authorized to collect all debts due the firm.

GEO. W. TAYLOR, JACOB WELLER.

ON retiring from the above firm, I take pleasure in recommending to my friends, customers and the public generally my successors, Jacob Weller & Son, and solicit for them a full share of patronage.

GEO. W. TAYLOR.

NEW FIRM.

MESSRS. JACOB WELLER & SON, having succeeded the late firm of Taylor & Weller, will continue the General Produce and Commission business. With facilities increased and prompt attention to all consignments and orders sent us, we hope to merit in the future, as in the past, the confidence and patronage of both old and new customers.

JACOB WELLER & SON.

JACOB WELLER, JOHN J. WELLER. July 31, 1869 aug1

Dissolution.

THE firm of Ruffin, Finney & Co. is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. The business of said firm will be wound up by James D. Ruffin, who is alone authorized to collect debts due Ruffin, Finney & Co.

J. D. RUFFIN. J. C. FINNEY.

Memphis, Tenn., August 2, 1869.

New Firm.

JAMES D RUFFIN will continue the Commission and Cotton Factorage business at the old stand of Ruffin, Finney & Co., No. 15 Union street, up-stairs, Rooms Nos. 11 and 13, under the firm name and style of J. D. Ruffin & Co., where all persons indebted to the late firm of Ruffin, Finney & Co. are requested to call and settle, either by cash or note, "thankful for past favors, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

J. D. RUFFIN & CO. Memphis, August 2, 1869. aug3

PROFESSIONAL.

WM. HUNTER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

(Late Judge of the Criminal Court of Memphis.)

Office No. 40 North Court Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.

WILL prosecute claims against the Federal Government for STEAMERS and other craft lost while in the service of the United States during the war, and practice in all the courts of Memphis and the Supreme Court. jy18

HENRY S. FOLK, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Brownsville, Tenn.

PROMPT attention paid to collections on notes, book accounts, etc., in Haywood, Lauderdale, Madison and adjoining counties in West Tennessee.

Refers to Judge Henry G. Smith, Memphis, Tennessee. aug3

FURNISHING GOODS.

JO YATES, JR., of Tenn. A. A. WALDRAN, of Miss.

Griffin, Henderson & Co.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers

Fancy Goods, Notions, Hosiery and Furnishing Goods,

40 Walker Street, NEW YORK.

THE best manufactured Shirts in the market, at lowest prices. Trade of Southern merchants respectfully solicited. jy21

New Advertisements.

Grand Picnic

To be given by the

CONFEDERATE Relief AND HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

—AT—

James Park,

—ON—

Saturday, Aug. 21, 1869.

GRAND PICNIC.

To be given by the Hibernian Mutual Relief Society, At James Park, On Wednesday, August 4th, 1869.

Tickets, $1, admitting two ladies. jy29

"WILLETT'S"

No. 37 Adams Street,

Billiard and Bowling Rooms.

THE most elegant and complete establishment of its kind in the Mississippi Valley. The Tables and Alleys are new, and of the most approved pattern and make. Elegant private parlors for gentlemen. The Wines and Liquors are of the best quality. ja31 J. H. WILLETT & CO.

GROCERS.

N. HILL. N. FONTAINE.

Hill, Fontaine & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO

Williamson, Hill & Co.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

326 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE

HAVE for sale and keep constantly on hand a full assortment, consisting in part, as follows:

100 casks Bacon.
200 bbls. Mess Pork.
100 bbls. Jowls and Rumps.
200 kegs Lard.
100 bbls. Ls. Sugar.
300 sacks Coffee.
300 pkgs. Molasses—hhds., bbls., kits. and qrs.
1000 pcs. Kentucky Bagging, (2, 2¼, 2½, 2¾ yd., Landeman, and 1, 2 & D. mix.
100 tons celebrated "Arrow Ties."
5000 kegs Nails, and sizes.
500 bbls. Flour.
North Carolina Roe cut and gross Shorting.
100 bbls. pure copper-distilled Whisky.
100 bbls. rectified Whisky.
50 bbls. Robinson County Whisky.

Calling your attention to the above, we respectfully request a continuation of your patronage, and promise, by strict attention to business, with the interest of our patrons ever before us, to m 7it (?) a

aug4dAw MILL, FONTAINE & CO.

FLOUR, PORK AND WHISKY.

THESE articles have largely advanced of late, but we find it difficult to realize the advance. We should, however, be able to realize soon with freight added, and in order to close out some consignments we offer at COST AND FREIGHT, 100 bbls. "TAYLOR" PORK, 250 bbls. WHISKY and 1000 bbls. FLOUR. Some of the flour is as good as Mascontah, and we will sell it if lower. It is just received from the mills in "Egypt." Most of our flour is sold at St. Louis prices. We are agents for millers, and sell on commission only. We guarantee all our flour to be fresh ground.

WOLCOTT, SMITH & CO., aug4 Nos. 8 and 9 Howard Row.

GINS.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,

Agents for the sale of

Gullett's Steel Brush Gins

HAVING already taken orders for a very large number of the above Gins we would suggest to those wishing to purchase that it would be well for them to hand in their orders as early as possible, to avoid disappointment.

ORGILL BROS & CO. Nos. 310 and 312, corner Front and Monroe streets.

HATS AND CAPS.

HATS and CAPS

—AT—

Reduced Prices,

—AT—

WHEATON & CO.'S.

BEFORE removing to our new stand, No. 279 Main street, (Hildreth & Co.'s,) we will sell our stock of Hats and Caps at greatly reduced prices.

Straw Hats at Cost.

WHEATON & CO., aug1 130 Main street.

WANTED.

Apples, Potatoes, etc.

WE are constantly in the market for Apples, Pears, Potatoes and Produce generally for which we will pay the highest market price. McDONALD & WOODWORTH, jy2 No. 1 Howard Row.

WANTED.

10 000 BBLS. FRUIT. Highest market prices paid for Potatoes, Apples, Pears, Plums, and Fruit of all kinds.

COMER & RICHARDSON, 2m No 2 Hrward's Row, Memphis.

HOTELS.

EVERETT HOUSE,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Fourth Street—From Olive to Locust.

I. R. GILDERSLEEVE, Proprietor

THIS Hotel, being Centrally Located, offers Many Inducements to the traveling public. feb19

COTTON AND COMMISSION.

H. H. COLEMAN & CO.,

Grocers, Cotton Factors,

Produce and Commission Merchants

No. 4 Howard's Row,

MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.

COMMISSION for selling cotton, $1 per bale. Liberal advances made on all consignments of cotton and Produce. jy28

GROCERS.

Hartley & Gurley,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in Groceries,

Provisions and Country Produce,

180 DESOTO STREET,

S. E. cor. Linden, Memphis, Tennessee.

Advances Made on Consignments. jy28dAw

FOR SALE.

Distillery for Sale

In Little Rock, Arkansas.

A DISTILLERY APPARATUS of one hundred gallons capacity, set up ready for use, and a Steam Engine of thirty horse power attached. They can be bought very cheap, together or separately, as desired. Build

DAILY AVALANCHE.

THURSDAY, : : : : AUGUST 5, 1869

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY AND BOARD OF SCHOOL VISITORS.

Odd papers, suitable for wrapping, for sale at this office by the hundred.

Buy your F. Y. shirts and furnishing goods of the manufacturers, Wiggins & Thorn 289 Main street. 1f

It has been currently reported that behalf of the Chamber of Commerce has been leased for a first-class variety show.

DRY GOODS AT AUCTION!!—This (Thursday) morning, at ten o'clock, by GOTTLIEB & EZEKIEL, Corner Second and Adams streets.

Ed. P. Carroll is a candidate for Constable of the Fourteenth Civil District, and solicits the votes of all wanting an efficient and faithful officer. 2t

EDITORS AVALANCHE: Please state that Saturday, August 7th, will be positively the last day the baloon will remain in Memphis.

S. D. THOMPSON.

News in Brief.

Major Dennis, of Bolivar, is in town.

Peaches seem to be a scarce commodity in Memphis this season.

A great commotion was stirred up on Main street yesterday by a lady dropping her crinoline.

Mr. Joe Beard, Special Agent of the Postoffice Department, is in the city, and stopping at the Overton Hotel.

There will be another grand ball at Raleigh Springs on Thursday, the 12th instant. It will be a brilliant affair.

The popular estimate of the growing cotton crop is about 2,250,000 bales at the outside, of which Memphis will receive from 275,000 to 300,000 bales.

A grand Citizen's picnic is announced to take place at the Central Park on Tuesday, the 17th instant, for which great preparations are being made.

Mr. and Mrs. Lanagan, formerly of the New Memphis, are engaged for the Galveston (Texas) theater for the coming season. Mr. James Carden will be leading man.

The Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce has commenced work on his annual reports, and is now canvassing for subscriptions. It will be a valuable work.

Serious complaints of drought have been received from Somerville and Panola county, Mississippi, within a day or two back, but as a general thing the crops are doing very well.

The machinery, implements and stock for the extensive broom factory spoken of some time ago by the AVALANCHE, have been received. It will be in operation before the 1st of September.

The Seventh Ward is notorious for births. About two dozen young pilgrims have opened their eyes to the light of the world in one neighborhood within the past few days. We are assured they are all for Seuter and Universal Suffrage.

The various trade organizations of this city have unanimously elected Alderman Moffet to represent them in the National Labor Congress, which convenes in Philadelphia, on Monday, August 16th.

C. D. Hart was brought before Justice Millard on a charge of committing perjury in the court of Justice Elliott a few days ago. The evidence failed to substantiate the charge and Hart was discharged.

The merchants on Main and Front streets will all close their places of business at twelve o'clock at noon today, for the purpose of allowing their employes to go to the polls and vote for Seuter and suffrage.

Wylie Keeling, a gay and festive darkey, found three cows belonging to Mr. W. T. Braman wandering near the Fair grounds and drove them off. Yesterday he was committed for trial at the Criminal Court.

Five boys, all hailing from the "Isle of Erin," were captured by the police yesterday while bathing in the river by daylight. They were all lodged in the police station to await an interview with the Recorder this morning.

A young colored individual, Harry Fleming by name, thought he would personate an officer of police by blowing a whistle. The result was that he got captured by one of the "genuine," and was locked up in the station-house.

The firm of Pante, Parker & Co., Bluff City Mills, No. 197 Poplar street, have always on hand a large stock of flour, bran, middlings, corn meal, and ship stuff for sale. They always pay the highest market price for wheat.

A few people are leaving Memphis to try their fortunes in the Western cities, but the loss is more than off-set by accessions from the same places, saying nothing of occasional additions to our population from the East. Memphis is going ahead.

Charles Taylor, a young colored individual, was entrusted a short time ago to procure change for a couple of five dollar bills. He however forgot to return with either the bills or the change, and yesterday was arrested and will be examined before a Magistrate this morning.

Captain Shane, of the cotton house of Shane, Harris & Co., arrived here up the country a day or two since, and will start for a trip into Arkansas on Saturday. He says all the cotton along the Memphis and Ohio Railroad will be marketed in Memphis. The crop promises well.

A colored individual named Wade Bolton was arrested yesterday by Detective Hayden, charged with stealing the sum of fifty dollars from the person of H. Hunter. He was brought before Justice Griffith, who, after hearing the evidence, committed him for trial at the Criminal Court.

Mr. Pump, proprietor of the Franklin House, Raleigh, informs us there will be a grand barbecue at the Springs next Sunday. The early train leaves here at eight a.m. Visitors can return to the city before dark. The fare for the round trip is only one dollar and twenty-five cents.

Planters are refusing to send their fruit and potatoes to market on account of low prices, and shippers are consequently doing very little business. Apples can be dried and sold to better advantage in the fall and winter, but better sell the potatoes than let them rot by holding over. Northern and Southern markets are glutted and dull.

A man named Frank Rizzi complained to Justice Griffith yesterday that his wife had grossly abused him, and certainly his face proved the truth of his story. After the case, however, had been investigated, Justice Griffith discharged the woman, as it was discovered that the man was more to blame than his wife.

A man named Charles R. Fuller picked the pocket of a woman named Ann Whitehead of the sum of eight dollars in bills and half a dollar in silver in her own house, on the corner of Main and Overton streets. Mrs. Whitehead was asleep in bed at the time the theft was committed. Fuller will be brought before Justice Foley for examination this morning.

It is said Buntyn's Station, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, is going ahead rapidly. A number of building lots have been sold there of late. It is only five miles out, and promises to become an important place of residence for people doing business in the city. If our railroads would adopt reasonable rates of fare commutation, hundreds of such places would spring up around Memphis, and local, passenger and freight traffic would increase many hundred fold.

Excursion parties to Mammoth Cave are all the rage. A party of forty left Bolivar yesterday, and will be met at the Cave by a party of sixty from Lexington. Another party will leave Holly Springs in a few days. A party of fifty or sixty will leave here on, or about the 15th instant. So much for the delightful experience, and good reports of the Memphis pioneer party of the season, which visited the Cave last month. The Memphis and Ohio Railroad furnishes tickets at half price to parties of twenty-five or more, and a reduction of forty per cent. is made in the hotel fare at the Cave. Excursion tickets can be had at the office of the railroad company, No. 227 Main street.

"SHORT-HAND."

Phonography—What Constitutes a Competent Reporter—A Few Facts about the Useful Art.

A little breeze has been raised at the present time in the local columns of the *Appeal*, in regard to what constitutes a competent newspaper phonographic reporter, and the reporter of that journal triumphantly exclaims that "we have our own idea of what constitutes a competent phonetic reporter. There is not one in this burg that can for a wager report two hundred words accurately." Now, if the reporter of the *Appeal* had taken some other idea than his own about phonographic reporting, he certainly would have specified whether he meant two hundred words in a minute, an hour or a day, for much depends on the time the reporter is allowed to form his characters, and in half a dozen lessons any pupil of ordinary intelligence could perform the feat if allowed to take his own time. At the present time, as the above quotation from his columns shows he is sorely exercised because there are no competent reporters in this "burg." The dilemma is an awkward one, as the reporter of the *Appeal* thus broadly proclaims his own incompetency while trying to bring the other members of the profession down to his own level. The truth, however, sometimes "will out" even by mistake. For instance the other day in a letter inserted in the *Appeal*, over his own signature, the reporter for that journal in alluding to the qualifications of the phonographic reporter of the AVALANCHE in graceful and complimentary terms, characterized him as being "usually so accurate in his reports;" while a couple of days afterward he is ready to risk his money that there is not a competent reporter in this "burg," which is certainly an ugly reflection on the go-ahead city of Memphis.

In this connection it would be well to inquire what really constitutes a competent reporter, and whether "accuracy" has not something to do with it, for this has always been looked on as a *sine qua non* in a good reporter. The public seldom require to be told whether a reporter is competent for the duties which he undertakes, as reports of meetings, speeches or trials generally speak for themselves, and it is well known in this city, and the remark is made without any attempt at boasting, that whenever there has been a "big job," as it is called, in reporting, the AVALANCHE reporter has been invariably selected and paid liberally to make a full report of the proceedings. He has also been complimented in this respect by offers of this character from the proprietors of the *Appeal*, while the reporter of that journal a few days ago paid that the reporter of the AVALANCHE the compliment of asking him to give him a few lessons in practical phonography. The request was acceded to with pleasure, as the reporter for the *Appeal* will no doubt be ready to bear witness; and the lessons would have been as readily given had not the reporter of the AVALANCHE discovered that the reporter of the *Appeal* had commenced the study of a partially new system by Mr. Munson, of New York, with which he was not fully conversant. After all those compliments, coupled with several years practice on leading journals in Great Britain, Canada and the United States, with some flattering encomiums from gentlemen in public life and leading members of the legal profession in this city, the reporter of the AVALANCHE thinks that he may almost lay some little claim to the title of being a "competent" phonographic reporter.

These remarks are simply brought out by a supposed reflection in a short paragraph in the *Appeal*, which has caused a little talk on the streets, and might lead the public to believe that there were no "competent" reporters in the city of Memphis.

In this connection, and as a very large number of gentlemen in this city connected with the legal profession and mercantile business have expressed the wish to learn the beautiful, and at the same time valuable art of phonography, a few words regarding the art, and the subject of "What is Reporting?" may prove of interest. There are several systems of phonography at present in use by practical phonographers, all of which are founded on the one invented in 1842 by Mr. Isaac Pitman, of Bath, England, brother of Mr. Benn. Pitman, President of the Phonographic Institute, Cincinnati. Among these may be mentioned Graham's, of Cincinnati, and Munson's, of New York, both of which are really excellent. When Pitman's system was first promulgated it became very popular throughout Great Britain. Every one, old and young, male and female, rich and poor, seemed to be bent on learning the new art. Its lectures, largely attended, were given in every village, town and city in the country in regard to it, and placards were to be seen everywhere with the memorable words, "Phonography taught in six lessons for half a crown." Itinerant teachers went from town to town and large classes were every-where formed, but when the short course was completed many forgot what they had been taught, and they soon discovered that there was no royal road to so valuable an accomplishment as short-hand writing. Many, however, fell to work, with the aid of Pitman's manual, "with willing heart and arm" and the result was "a good crop of reporters," many of whom now hold distinguished positions in the world of letters. The art was also introduced into some of the academies and educational institutes, competent men, generally practical reporters, being engaged as teachers.

It may, however, be stated *en passant*, that many persons seldom learn more than the rudiments of the art, as it requires close study and hard work in order to become proficient, and it is doubtful if, under ordinary circumstances, in a class of thirty young men, more than four or five would turn out to be competent reporters.

Perhaps the best description of the difficulty of learning short-hand is given by Dickens in his masterpiece, "David Copperfield," and which has generally been accepted as a description of his own struggles to learn the art, before he became a leader in the "gallery" of the House of Commons as one of the reporting staff of the London *Morning Chronicle*.

At the present time, when all the leading newspapers of the country endeavor to give on the following morning full reports of the speeches delivered the evening previously, it has become highly necessary that such newspapers should employ a corps of thoroughly practical phonographic reporters. It is therefore necessary that "locals," and those who intend to follow the newspaper press as a profession, should become as speedily as possible short-hand writers; as without a knowledge of short-hand, to pretend to give a speech *verbatim* is simply impossible, owing to the rapidity with which many orators speak, and the swiftest long-hand reporter is unable to follow, while

"In short-hand skilled where little words comprise,
Whole words—a sentence in a letter lies."

There is not that difficulty, and the phonographer registers in his note-book a speech which the swiftest long-hand writer, aided even by abbreviations and an excellent memory, would be unable to report and reproduce correctly.

This is easily exemplified when it is given on the most reliable authority that the average number of words uttered by public speakers is about one hundred and twenty per minute, although now and then speakers will speak continuously for a quarter of an hour perhaps, at the rate of one hundred and forty or even one hundred and fifty per minute, but these are few and far between. For instance Colonel Landon C. Haynes, who may be considered one of the most polished orators in the State of Tennessee, is comparatively easy to report in short-hand, although he is above the average of speakers in point of rapidity. He is, however, what is termed by reporters a very smooth speaker, and the words flow gracefully and evenly from his lips. All that a reporter has to do in reporting Colonel Haynes is to continue steady at work, and be prepared at the close for a brilliant peroration, uttered perhaps, at the rate of one hundred and fifty words per minute, but still characterized with the "gentle and regular flow" above referred to.

Governor Senter may be well called a "crack" speaker, and in his late speech in this city, he spoke at the rate of one hundred and fifty words per minute when fairly "into the harness." He, however made frequent pauses, which kept the reporters continually on the "stretch," and ever looking out for a "burst" on the part of the speaker, and these "bursts of eloquence," as they are generally called, are apt to puzzle the most experienced reporters.

General Stokes, on the other hand, averaged from one hundred and twenty to one hundred and thirty words per minute, and as he spoke very deliberately he was comparatively easy to report.

The average rate which quick, long-handed reporters can write by using abbreviations, is from thirty to thirty-five words per minute, while ordinary short-hand writers average four times as many words per minute. Some have even attained, by hard practice and close study, two hundred words per minute, but their number is few, and what they make up in speed they generally lose in "writing out," as their notes are often "cloudy," and in many places unintelligible. As reports of speeches are frequently "written out" at a late hour, by gaslight, it necessarily follows that the notes should be as clear and legible as possible, in order that they may be read easily and rapidly transcribed.

To those who wish to get a knowledge of phonographic short-hand, it may be stated that perhaps the best book for beginners is "Pitman's Manual," while Graham's and Mason's books contain many fine points. This work should be carefully read and the plan laid down in its pages closely studied. The signs representing the letters of the alphabet should then be slowly and carefully practiced at least one hour each day, and after the student has got a thorough knowledge of these signs, and can write them neatly and with facility, he can pass on to the formation of words. The word "Phonography," meaning writing by sound, all words must be written exactly as they are pronounced, and not as they are spelled. If this course of study is closely pursued for three or four months, the student at the end of that time ought to be able to write at least fifty or sixty words a minute, or double his speed in long-hand writing. Having attained this rate of speed he should next procure a copy of the "Reporter's Companion," and after a careful study of the logograms and phraseograms, he may induce a friend to read slowly to him from any familiar book, and he may now and then venture on a sermon in church, as clergymen seldom speak over one hundred words a minute, unless they belong to the "sensation" order. By steadily observing these rules of practice, and the rules of practice laid down in the "companion," the student ought at the end of nine or twelve months, or even sooner if he is possessed of application and fair ability, be able to write one hundred and thirty words per minute, report an ordinary speaker *verbatim* and become a "competent" newspaper reporter. The advantages of such an art to the members of the legal, newspaper and other professions cannot be calculated.

It may also be stated that phonographic writers are always in demand all over the country, and besides being at all times able to procure remunerative employment on newspapers, they are now being engaged in Government offices, railroad, insurance and commercial offices as private secretaries and amanuenses. As for instance, Colonel Sam Tate, President of the Mississippi Central, who is always in the van, has a young but very competent phonographer in his office as private secretary, while Major A. J. O'Brien, Superintendent of the Southern Express, in all his travels throughout the country, is ever accompanied by a phonographic secretary.

These few notes on the beautiful and valuable aid of phonography may serve the purpose of giving some of our citizens an idea of phonography, "What is reporting" and how the art may be attained.

THE GREAT PICNIC.

Meeting of the Committee of the Confederate Soldiers' Relief and Historical Association.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Committee of Arrangements for the picnic of the Confederate Soldiers' Relief and Historical Association, met yesterday evening at four o'clock at the office of C. Nourse, Esq., Agent of the Phœnix Insurance Company.

All the members of the committee were present except Governor Harris. Mr. Henry Moode took the chair and called the meeting to order.

The Secretary read several communications, which were referred to the appropriate committees.

Mr. McClure, lessee of Central Park, was introduced, and tendered the use of that Park free of expense. On motion, the offer was referred to the Committee on Grounds and Music, and a vote of thanks was returned to Mr. McClure.

The reports of the sub-committees being called for, Captain Harvey Mathes, on entertainment, made a report, which was adopted, each clause being voted separately. The following is an outline of the more important portions, omitting details:

1. A short address of fifteen or twenty minutes duration by some orator who has not often appeared before a Memphis audience since the war.

2. In view of the fact that managing the refreshment stands of all sorts, is a matter involving a great deal of trouble, and in the hands of inexperienced persons is a hazardous business, the committee recommends that the Refreshment Committee advertise to let the said stands to the highest bidder.

3. A sufficient police force to enforce the strictest order.

The Committee on Grounds and Music reported in favor of James' Park as the place of holding the entertainment. As to music but one bid was received, and it was referred back to the committee.

The Committee on Printing reported progress.

The Committee on Refreshments did the same, and were instructed in accordance with the suggestion of the Committee on Entertainment to advertise for bids for the privilege, the contract to remain open until the 15th instant.

A message was received from Captain Thompson, owner of the great balloon "City of Memphis," tendering the free use of it on condition that the committee pay for its inflation. Referred to the Entertainment Committee.

After a discussion of details the committee adjourned.

THE HIBERNIAN PICNIC.—The grand picnic, under the auspices of the Hibernian Benevolent Society, which came off yesterday at James' Park, was a magnificent success and was largely attended. Between ten and eleven o'clock in the morning the members of the Society, wearing their beautiful badges of green and gold, marched through the streets, headed by the old Memphis Band, under the leadership of Professor A. Smith, playing lively Irish airs. When the entrance to St. Agnes Academy was reached the procession filed into the beautiful grounds and the band played the "Wearing of the Green," and other popular airs, for the delectation of the Sisters. This duty performed, the procession marched to James' Park, where a large number of ladies had already assembled. Well filled baskets were promptly opened, and the utmost justice done to the good things provided. Dancing was then commenced, and quadrille, polka, waltz and schottische followed each other in rapid succession, all heartily enjoying themselves. The festivities were kept up till a seasonable hour, when all retired to their homes highly delighted with the day's proceedings.

CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS!! Are requested to attend the auction sale this (Thursday) morning, at ten o'clock, by GOTTLIEB & EZEKIEL, Corner Second and Adams streets.

W. W. C. Miller, corner Causey and Vance streets. Best dry ash wood in the city. 6t

CITY COUNCIL.

Official Proceedings of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

[Concluded from First Page.]

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the property-owners on Orleans street, between Poplar and Washington streets, put down a brick sidewalk within the next twenty days.

Adopted.

By Alderman Ogden:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized to open the alley running between Linden and Pontotoc streets and Hernando and DeSoto, the same having been deeded to the city.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be, and is hereby authorized to repair the bridge on Pontotoc street, east of Desoto. This bridge is in a very dangerous condition, and unless repaired may cost the city a heavy bill of damages.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By Alderman Renner:

Resolved, etc., That a committee of three citizens be appointed by his Honor, the Mayor pro tem, to examine and to assess the damage to property adjacent to Monroe street, between Lauderdale and Wellington streets, with a view of opening up Monroe street, in accordance with the survey recently made by the City Engineer.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the property owners on the east side of Orleans street, between Beale and Linden streets, be notified to lay down plank sidewalk within the next thirty days.

Adopted.

By Alderman Gallagher:

Resolved, etc., That a committee of three be appointed to confer with the owners of Morris cemetery and ascertain upon what terms, and for what amount the city can purchase said cemetery for a public park.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That a resolution passed by this Board, authorizing the Mayor and Finance Committee to hypothecate the stock owned by the city in the Little Rock Railroad, to secure the payment of any past due city indebtedness, and to borrow money thereon, etc., be, and the same is hereby repealed and rescinded.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That a resolution heretofore referred to the Committee on Markets, requiring the Market-masters to purchase all ice cream, milk-ware and cooked victuals in or about the market houses on Saturday evening be, and the same is hereby adopted.

Lost.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the committee on markets, together with the City Engineer, have an awning placed over the east and west ends of Beale street market.

Referred to Market Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the City Engineer be, and he is hereby directed to prepare a grade of Tennessee street so that the water shall run from Butler street to Trezevant street.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the City Controller have recorded in County Register's office the lease of Central Park to J. H. McClure.

Adopted.

By Alderman Renner:

Resolved, etc., That the Street Commissioner be ordered to lay crossings across Lauderdale street, on corner of Union, and across Union street, on corner of Lauderdale.

Adopted.

By Alderman Cicalla:

Resolved, etc., That the northwest corner of Shelby and Gayoso streets, from Shelby street westwardly to Aleck Ferguson's building, the house kept by both black and white—that the premises referred to be, and the same is, hereby declared a nuisance, and the police authorities are requested to abate the same without delay.

Referred to a committee of three, consisting of Aldermen Cicalla, Joyce and Ellis, with the City Counsellor.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the Street Commissioner is hereby directed to fill the pond between Beale and Linden streets, east of Shelby street, lot No. 6, block 49, at the expense of the owners, and report the work done to the City Engineer, the City Engineer to report the cost to the City Attorney for collection.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the proposition of the President of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad to furnish sufficient Tishomingo gravel for an experiment be accepted, provided he will furnish sufficient to gravel Union street from Wellington to Pigeon Roost road, and Front street from Market to the north end navy yard.

Referred to Paving Committee to examine and report as to a suitable place to try the experiment.

PETITION.

By Alderman O'Donnell:

MEMPHIS, June, 1869.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Your petitioner, A. Cordes, a citizen of Memphis, respectfully represents unto your honorable body that he is the owner of the following property situated in the city of Memphis, described as follows, to-wit: "East part of lots Nos. 470 and 471, as laid down on the maps and plans of Memphis, bounded east by the old meanders of the bed of Bayou Gayoso, as it originally ran when Memphis was laid off, and south 55½ feet by the north side of Exchange street; west by a line running northward from Exchange to Market street, at right angles with said streets, and on the north 190½ feet on the south side of Market streets."

Your petitioner further shows that the city of Memphis has taken from him and used, and is now using, a portion of said property for a street, to-wit: Sixty feet running through said property, from Exchange to Market street. The city has never made your petitioner any compensation for said property, and he now respectfully prays that your honorable body appoint a committee to confer with your petitioner to see if he and the committee cannot agree as to the amount of compensation, and save the necessity of the appointment of a jury, as provided for in the ordinances of the city. All of which is respectfully submitted. And as in duty bound, petitioner will ever pray, etc.

A. CORDES.

By his attorneys, Anderson and Phelan.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman O'Donnell:

Resolved, etc., That Joseph Hiskey be allowed to retain the cinder sidewalk he has put down in front of his premises, on the corner of Hill and Robeson streets.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the City Engineer be and is hereby instructed to open Huling street, from Causey to St. Martin street, within the next thirty days.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the City Engineer be instructed to make plats necessary as a preliminary step to obtaining the right of way of such portion of Main street, between South and Jackson, as the city does not now own.

Adopted.

By Alderman Holst:

Resolved, etc., That the Street Commissioner be instructed to fill up the alley east of Main and north of Beale streets, so as to allow the water to pass off.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That a privilege given by this Board to build a carpenter shop on the northwest corner of the alley on Madison, east of Second street, be and the same is hereby repealed, and that the party be notified.

Adopted.

By Alderman Cartwright:

Resolved, etc., That the City Engineer be instructed to change the assessment in rear of Exchange Building, to conform to the suggestions in the report of the City Attorney, and make the assessment in front and rear of said buildings against the city instead of the lessees.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the property-owners on Linden street, between Wellington and Lauderdale, north side, be and are hereby required to put down a plank sidewalk within thirty days.

Adopted.

By Alderman Black:

Resolved, etc., That the Mayor be and is hereby authorized to advertise for bids to tar and top-dress those streets that were paved in the year 1867. Parties bidding must say how much they will do the work for per yard.

Advertise for ten days.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By Alderman Joyce:

Resolved, etc., That the Street Commissioner be directed to lay a plank crossing across Second alley and Exchange street, north side.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the lessees of the Medical College, north end Exchange Building, be directed by the Police Commissioners to repair the sidewalk in front of said building without delay.

Adopted.

By Alderman Marshall:

Resolved, etc., That the City Engineer be instructed to advertise ten days for bids for building a public cistern at the junction of Market and Third streets, the plans and specifications to be furnished by him.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, etc., That the Controller be instructed to furnish to the Board, at its next meeting, a statement in detail of the expense account of the city during his term of office, giving the name of the officer by whose authority each expenditure was made.

Adopted.

By Alderman Glancy:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be, and he is hereby authorized to repair the wooden crossing at the intersection of Front street and Concord street, on the west side.

Adopted.

By the same:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and is hereby authorized to repair the wooden crossing at the intersection of Jackson and Promanade streets.

Adopted.

By Alderman Vincent:

Resolved, etc., That this Board is willing to promote, protect and foster all religious instruction of every denomination, and to evince this reverence for the teaching of the Gospel, is willing to do at least its duty toward securing the safety of the persons of church-going people, by making and keeping passable roads to the different churches, and the erection of at least one lamp in front of each permanently established church in the city which has none now; and do hereby order the City Engineer to erect lamps in front of all churches, the consideration of and action on which is now in the hands of the Gas Committee.

Referred to Gas Committee.

By Alderman Cartwright:

Resolved, etc., That the proposition of the Hon. Henry G. Smith be and the same is hereby accepted; and that the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby instructed to open up the alley running south from Third street, between Court and Madison, to the bayou; and that as soon as the City Engineer and Street Commissioner reports to the Board that the said alley is opened, the amount of two hundred and fifty dollars be placed to the credit of Mr. Smith, to be absorbed in taxes.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

Thereupon the Board adjourned.

L. R. RICHARDS,
City Register.

MEN'S YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING AT AUCTION!!—This (Thursday) morning, at ten o'clock, by GOTTLIEB & EZEKIEL, Corner Second and Adams streets.

The Courts.

CRIMINAL COURT.—*H. E. Hudson, Judge.*—This Court went into session yesterday morning at ten o'clock. The case of State vs. Orlando Carter, indicted for grand larceny, was first called up and the defendant arraigned upon the above charge, to which he plead "not guilty." Thereupon a jury was impanneled and the trial proceeded with. Some three or four witnesses were examined in behalf of the State, and as many for the defense. A lengthy argument followed, after which the case was submitted to the jury, who returned a verdict of "guilty," assessing the punishment at four years in the penitentiary; Attorney-General Horrigan, for the State; Willis G. Reeves, for the defense. The first part of the afternoon session was spent in looking into the Striker case. Nothing final was done, the defense asking a continuance for the purpose of rebutting the evidence elicited against him during the investigation Tuesday evening. After disposing of the above matter, the case of State vs. Emma Lowery, indicted for grand larceny, was taken up and the trial proceeded with. The testimony adduced during the trial showed that the defendant retained the goods, etc., which she was charged with stealing, as a security for board due her from one Amelia Pleasants. Upon the case being given to the jury they returned a verdict of not guilty. Horrigan for the State, W. G. Reeves for the defense.

In the case of Stillman, indicted for perjury, a motion was made to quash the indictment. The same being heard upon argument and fully understood, the Court sustained the motion and quashed the indictment. Court stands adjourned until Friday, 6th instant.

J. J. Butler, Esq.

The card from "Citizen" mentions facts. Captain Butler is now calling upon his friends to repeat what they did for him before:

EDITORS AVALANCHE: It is announced that our old friend J. J. Butler is again before the public for Justice of the Peace for the Fifth Civil District, opposed by that skunk, Sam. Sangster, whose very name stinks in the nostrils of every decent white man. Captain Butler is a very a popular citizen, and desires, and will surely get, the position sought by him. He has been twice elected to that office since the war, and by Radical trickery has been cheated out of it. And now he comes before the people when justice can and will be done, and I trust the voters, with one accord, will cast their vote for him to-day. One by one let us fill the vacancies occasioned by the flight of such detestable Radicals as Daily, who enjoyed a brief political career in our midst.

"CITIZEN."

Sardis Agricultural and Mechanical Society.

We have had the pleasure of inspecting the plans of improvement of the fair grounds of this society, as drawn by Mr. J. B. Cook, architect, of this city. They are handsome, and highly creditable both to the architect and the society. Major Simmons, (our old friend Rip Van Winkle) the President, is in the city, and will give our citizens an opportunity to contribute to this praiseworthy enterprise. The country is all tributary to Memphis, and our people should be liberal in their contributions, as has ever been made upon them from that section. We shall give an extended notice of the society in to-morrow's issue.

AND AGAIN.—We once more reiterate our suggestion, and advise our friends troubled with corns, bunions, ingrowing nails, etc., etc., to call on Dr. Lane at his rooms Peabody Hotel. Dr. Lane is no stranger in Memphis, and to those who do not know him we can commend him as a scientific gentleman in this most useful profession. As a surgeon chiropodist Dr. Lane is considered one of the most skillful in this country or Europe, and a gentleman both by nature and education.

The generosity of A. Sumner & Co., Agents for Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine, has by their liberality and kindness to the poor, in the sale of their favorite family sewing machine, enabled hundreds of ladies who depend upon sewing for a support—not only to support their families, but to lay up a small sum of money each month for other purposes.

RIVER NEWS.

MEMPHIS AVALANCHE OFFICE,
August 5, 1869.

WEATHER—RIVERS—BUSINESS.

The weather continues warm and sultry. The river here declined five inches in the past twenty-four hours. At Cairo and St. Louis the river is receding steadily. The Ohio is falling at Louisville, with five feet nine inches in the canal. Arkansas river is receding, with five feet scant from Little Rock out. White river is falling, with three feet six inches in the channel above Augusta. From there to the mouth seven feet is reported.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Mollie Able, St. Louis.
" Belle St. Louis, St. Louis.
" Geo. W. Cheek, Friar's Point.
" Thompson Dean, New Orleans

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Mollie Able, New Orleans.
" Geo. W. Cheek, Friar's Point.
" Thompson Dean, St. Louis.

IN PORT.

Belle St. Louis and Linton.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There was very little doing on the wharf yesterday.

The types made us say yesterday the river was rising, instead of falling. It has declined several inches in the last forty-eight hours.

Steamboatmen will not fail to lend their assistance to-day in the election. Every man who feels an interest in the prosperity of Memphis should vote the suffrage ticket and spend a few hours in getting their friends to the polls. The ferry-boats should be watched, as also skiffs from President's Island, by the committee which was appointed to watch the river, as we learn negroes are to be imported from Arkansas to participate in the election.

The splendid steamer Belle St. Louis is the regular St. Louis packet, leaving at five p.m. Mr. Baskett, a genial and clever gentleman, has charge of the office.

The Thompson Dean passed up from New Orleans for St. Louis last night, with a large passenger list.

The United States Local Inspectors of Cincinnati have issued the following important order to steamboat engineers:

"OFFICE OF
"LOCAL BOARD OF U. S. INSPECTORS,
"CINCINNATI, OHIO, Aug. 3, 1869.

"Rule 49.—When an engineer gives up the charge of the engineer's department of a steamer, by resignation or otherwise, he shall certify in writing as to the condition of the same, said certificate to be kept on board the steamer, subject to the inspection of the United States Inspectors of steamers and the succeeding engineer. Also, when an engineer assumes the charge of the engineer's department of a vessel, he shall examine the same, to see if it is in good order, and in accordance with the specified conditions in the certificate given by his immediate predecessor, and if not, report the facts to the United States Inspectors of Steamers in the port where he belongs."

The Mollie Able passed down yesterday morning well freighted.

The Nick Longworth and the Thompson Dean are due this morning from New Orleans.

Captain John V. Russell, a veteran of the war of 1812, and a pioneer steamboat man in the Louisville and New Orleans trade, died at his residence in Franklin county, near Frankfort, on Sunday, at a ripe old age. He was in the river service for thirty years, during which time he owned and commanded a number of steamers, among which were the North America, Empress and Caledonia. In 1845 he was appointed superintendent of the snag fleet for the improvement of the Western rivers, and a number of snag-boats were built under his supervision.

The fine steamer Minneola, Captain Miller, will be found in port this morning, receiving for Cincinnati, and will leave to-morrow evening. The Minneola is a good boat, and in charge of experienced and attentive officers. Mr. Hall, an affable gentleman, presides in the office, assisted by Mr. Jones, an efficient clerk.

The new Natchez, we are informed, will have between her chimneys, as a memento of the past, a miniature compressed bale of the great Southern staple, which the former boats of that name carried so successfully in more prosperous days than those in which we now live.

The Commonwealth will be down to-morrow for New Orleans.

Julia A. Rudolph is the name of Captain H. G. McComas' new Red river packet, intended for a New Orleans, Shreveport and Jefferson packet.

The Board of Trade at St. Louis have appointed a committee to raise a subscription of $2,000, to build an iron swing-bridge pontoon, for ingress of direct trade between St. Louis and foreign and domestic ports. Said vessel to be of 1,000 tons cargo capacity, and not to draw over six feet of water, light.

St. Louis has also an eye to the trade of Arkansas. The following letter was presented to the Board of Trade, and a committee appointed by the Board to visit Arkansas for the purpose of soliciting trade. Memphis will have to wake up. Here is the letter:

TRADE WITH ARKANSAS.

The following letter was read:

LITTLE ROCK ARK., July 25, 1869.

Major Lee R. Shryock, St. Louis:

DEAR SIR—I have been trading in this State nearly a month, and shall continue on this river (Arkansas) and White till the 1st September.

I find here intelligent, prudent, sagacious, and cautious merchants—men of means and integrity. They would trade with St. Louis if they were offered the same facilities that Louisville and Cincinnati offer them.

In the winter and spring season these two competitors of St. Louis have regular packet lines plying from those cities to Fort Smith on the Arkansas river, and to Batesville on White river. The goods sold in St. Louis to these merchants are brought here upon their boats. The merchants of St. Louis especially send their agents to every town and village in this portion of this State. They have shown commendable energy, and are reaping the fruits of it.

You are a man of energy, influence and intelligence, and I write to you so that you can awaken the merchants there to their interests and to the importance of securing this trade. By effort, enterprise, and will, we can get it. Cannot the Board of Trade open up the way?

Very respectfully,
GEO. MILLER.
With McLaren, Saxton & Williams.

Mr. Shryock suggested that if a committee of about fifteen were appointed, and should go in a body to the towns on the Arkansas and White rivers, the trade could no doubt be secured. There should be regular lines of packets running from this city up those rivers.

To the Voters of the Fourteenth Civil District.

The undersigned, having announced himself as a candidate for the office of Constable of said District, desires to call the attention of the voters to the importance of selecting a suitable person to fill that office. Heretofore the majority of voters have considered the office of constable of minor importance, and the result of this neglect of their duty has imposed on the community many deputised irresponsible persons, when, in many cases, having business entrusted in their hands, they have neglected their duty and betrayed the trust; and now, with the battle cry of reform, suffrage and retrenchment, do not forget to cast a vote for the constable.

2t J. W. RAMSEY.

Having determined to close our business, we will, for the next fifteen days, sell boots, shoes, and hats at cost. Messrs. Wheaton & Co., hatters, will occupy our stand August 15th, 1869.

J. T. HANDLAN & Co.,
7t 279 Main street.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.—Just received, direct from Genoa, Italy, per vessel "Providencia," one hundred and fifty boxes assorted Macaroni; one dozen cakes Parmesan cheese; fifty cans pure Olive oil; and for sale by

A. VACCARO & CO.,
tf 324 Front street.

NUTRITIOUS, HEALTHY, THE BEST. Dooley's Baking Powder is the most economical and convenient Baking Powder now in use. It saves the expense of milk and eggs, prevents the possibility of poor rolls, biscuits or cakes, and thus produces happiness in both kitchen and household. It is put up in tin cans, which are, to all intents and purposes, impervious to the action of the weather. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superior qualities. For sale by grocers. 2t

Steamboats.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company.
For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.
MINNEOLA, Miller, master
This fine passenger packet leaves FRIDAY, August 6, at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
LARRY HARKNESS, Agent,
aug6 294 Madison street.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company.
Regular United States Mail Line.
For Helena, Napoleon, Pine Bluff, Little Rock, and Fort Smith.
OZARK, Blasdel, master
This splendid passenger steamer leaves SUNDAY, August 8, at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
T. A. KENDIG, Agent,
aug5 Office 324 Front street, Mosby Block.

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

Regular Memphis and St. Francis River Saturday Packet.
For Helena, Madison, Marianna and Wittsburg.
LINTON, Ware, master
This fine passenger packet leaves every SATURDAY, at 5

DAILY AVALANCHE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Through Mail	2:20 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
Through Express	8:35 a.m.	4:30 p.m.
Junction accommodation	8:10 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
New Orleans train		9:30 a.m.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Day Express	12:45 p.m.	1 p.m.
Night Express	12:30 a.m.	1 p.m.

Sleeping car attached to Night Express train which goes through to Nashville, via Louisville and Northwestern Railroad, without change.

Railroad time fifteen minutes faster than city. Ticket office No. 227½ Main street; depot at head of Main street.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	Arrive.	Depart.
N. O. Mail (daily)	2:45 p.m.	11:45 a.m.
Express (daily)	8:35 a.m.	4:30 p.m.

Mail train makes direct connection for New Orleans and all points South.

Express train makes direct connection for Corinth, Water Valley, Oxford, Holly Springs and all points north of Grenada on Mississippi Central Railroad.

Ticket office 227½ Main street, and at the Depot. Omnibuses will call for passengers and check baggage in any part of the city, by leaving order at 227½ Main street.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

To Madison and Little Rock, Ark.

Going West—Leaves Memphis daily..... 7:30 a.m.
Going East—Leave Madison..... 7:00 p.m.

S. B. BEAUMONT, Gen'l Sup't.

Arrival and Departure of Mails

DEPART—For Charlestown, Richmond Washington, New York, Baltimore and all cities East and South; Columbus, Ga., and Montgomery, Ala., and all stations on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee Railroads at..... 11:30 a.m.
Arrive at..... 2:30 p.m.

DEPART—For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Boston, Albany, New York, and all cities North and West, at..... 7:30 p.m.
Arrive at..... 11:40 p.m.

DEPART—For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities South at..... 10:45 a.m.
Arrive at..... 5:00 p.m.

DEPART—For all stations on the Mississippi and Tennessee, New Orleans and Jackson, and Southern Railroads, at..... 10:45 a.m.
Arrive at..... 5:00 p.m.

DEPART—For all stations on the Memphis and Louisville and branch Railroads at..... 5:00 p.m.
Arrive at..... 8:40 a.m.

DEPART—Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, Little Rock, Mississippi (Sundays excepted), at..... 5:00 p.m.
Arrive at..... 6:00 p.m.

DEPART—For Marion, Wittsburg and Clarkson, Ark. (tri-weekly), Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at..... 11:00 a.m.
Arrive at..... 10:00 a.m.

DEPART—For Olive Branch and Byhalia, Miss. (semi-weekly), Monday and Friday, at..... 5:30 p.m.
Arrive at..... 4:00 p.m.

DEPART—For Cuba and Big Creek, Tenn. (weekly) Friday, at..... 11:00 a.m.
Arrive at..... 10:00 a.m.

DEPART—For Little Rock and Helena, and all landings on White river (tri-weekly) Tuesday and Saturday, at..... 4:00 p.m.
Arrive at..... 9:00 a.m.

DEPART—For Pine Bluff and Helena, and all landings on Arkansas river (tri-weekly), Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at..... 4:00 p.m.
Arrive at..... 9:00 a.m.

DEPART—For all landings on the Mississippi river, south, (semi-weekly) Tuesday and Saturday, at..... 4:00 p.m.
Arrive at..... 9:00 a.m.

DEPART—For all landings on Mississippi river, North, (semi-weekly) Monday and Thursday, at..... 5:30 p.m.
Arrive at..... 9:00 a.m.

JOSIAH DELOACH, Postmaster.

RATES OF POSTAGE WITHIN THE UNITED STATES.

LETTERS.

The rate of postage on letters within the United States is three cents for every letter or sealed package weighing one-half ounce or under, and three cents for every additional half ounce, or fraction thereof. Prepayment with stamps in all cases is required.

TRANSIENT MATTER.

The postage on Pamphlets, Occasional Publications, Book Manuscripts and Proof Sheets (corrected or not), Maps, Prints, Engravings, Blanks, Flexible Patterns, Samples and Sample Cards, Photographic Paper, Letter Envelopes, Cards, Paper, Plain or ornamental, Photographic Representations of Different Types, Seeds, Cuttings, Bulbs, Roots and Scions, is at the rate of— Cents.
One package, to one address, not exceeding 4 ounces in weight..... 2
One package, to one address, over 4 and not exceeding 8 ounces..... 4
One package, to one address, over 8 and not exceeding 12 ounces..... 6
One package, to one address, over 12 and not exceeding 16 ounces..... 8

All matters to which no specific rates are assigned shall be, if forwarded in the mail, at letter rates of postage.

BOOKS

Books not exceeding 4 ounces in weight to one address..... 4
Books over 4 and not exceeding 8 ounces..... 8
Books over 8 and not exceeding 12 ounces..... 12
Books over 12 and not exceeding 16 ounces..... 16

UNSEALED CIRCULARS.

Unsealed circulars, not exceeding 3 in number, to one address..... 2
Unsealed circulars, over 3 and not exceeding 6..... 4
Unsealed circulars, over 6 and not exceeding 9..... 6
Unsealed circulars, over 9 and not exceeding 12..... 8

TERRITORIAL.

The postage on books, printed and miscellaneous matter for the Territories west of Kansas, from, to, or within the same, shall be for such matter elsewhere, and not at letter rates, as heretofore. Postal rates are now equal throughout the United States.

QUARTERLY POSTAGE.

The quarterly rates of postage on newspapers, sent to subscribers, is on each four ounces or fraction thereof, five cents for weekly, ten cents for semi-weekly, fifteen cents for tri-weekly, and thirty cents for daily publications. On magazines and periodicals, for each four ounces or fraction, one cent on quarterly, three cents on monthly, and six cents on semi-monthly publications. Advance payments, either at the office of mailing or delivery, will be required.

MONEY ORDER OFFICE.

The money order system is recommended for its superiority, as a safe and cheap method of transmitting small sums through the mails. Orders are issued in sums not more than $50. Larger amounts can be transmitted to the same person, at the same time, by additional orders.

RATES.

On orders not exceeding $20..... 10 cents.
" over $20 and not exceeding $30..... 15 "
" " $30 " " $40..... 20 "
" " $40 " " $50..... 25 "

The money order office will be open from 9 o'clock a.m. to 4 o'clock p.m.

WEIGHT OF PACKAGES SENT BY MAIL.

Section 16, act of March 3, 1855: That no Postmaster shall receive, to be conveyed by mail, any packet or package, which shall weigh more than four pounds, except books published or circulated by order of Congress.

PACKAGES TO SOLDIERS.

Articles of clothing, being manufactured of wool, cotton, or linen, and comprised in a package not exceeding four pounds in weight, addressed to any non-commissioned officer or private serving in the National armies, may be sent by mail at the rate of 8 cents for every 4 ounces or fraction thereof, to be in all cases prepaid.

FOREIGN RATES.

BELGIUM OR THE NETHERLANDS.

[By Closed Mail via England.]

On Letters—15 cents per single rate of 15 grammes, (½ oz.) prepayment optional, but unpaid or partially paid letters subject to a fine on delivery.

On Newspapers—4 cents each if not exceeding 4 oz. in weight, and an additional rate of 4 cents for each additional 4 oz. or fraction thereof, prepayment required.

On Book Packets, Prints or all Kinds, and Patterns or Samples—4 cents per oz. or fraction thereof; prepayment required. If, however, the postage on any article shall be insufficiently paid, it will be nevertheless forwarded to its destination, charged with the deficient postage, and also subject to a fine on delivery.

NORTH GERMAN UNION.

[Including all the German States and Austria.]

[By Closed Mail via England.]

The rates are the same as to Belgium and the Netherlands, with like conditions as to prepayments, etc.

EAST INDIES.

[Via British Mail.]

On Letters—20 cents per ½ oz. via Southampton, and 36 cents per ½ oz. via Marseilles, prepayment compulsory. Newspapers, 6 cents; Books, 16 cents.

CANADA.

On Letters—6 cents per ½ oz. if prepaid, and 10 cents per ½ oz. if unpaid.

BREMEN AND HAMBURG.

[By Direct Mail.]

Letters—10 cents per ½ oz. prepayment optional, but unpaid or partially paid letters subject to 6 cts. deficiency.

Newspapers—3 cents per 4 oz. or fraction thereof, prepayment required.

Books, Packets, Prints, Patterns and Samples—6 cents per 4 oz. or fraction thereof, (or 8 cents in closed mail via England,) prepayment required. But if unpaid or partially paid, they will be forwarded, subject to a fine on delivery.

The registration fee on registered letters or other postal packets is 8 cents to all the above mentioned countries, prepayment of postage and fee compulsory.

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Half ounce letters, 12 cents prepaid, subject to a fine of 8 cents additional if unpaid; newspapers, not exceeding 4 oz., 2 cents each.

Book Packets (including printed papers of every kind, and Patterns and samples of merchandise (including seeds and grain) when not exceeding 1 oz., 2 cents; exceeding 1 oz. and not exceeding 2 oz., 4 cents; exceeding 2 oz. and not exceeding 4 oz., 8 cents; exceeding 4 oz. an additional rate of 8 cents for every 4 ounces or fraction thereof. Prepayment required.

FRANCE.

Letters, quarter ounce, 15 cents; half-ounce, 30 cents; Newspapers, 2 cents; Pamphlets, 4 cents per 4 ounces.

SWITZERLAND AND ITALY.

[In Closed Mail via England, Belgium and Germany.]

On Letters—15 cts. per ½ oz. or fraction thereof, prepayment optional; but unpaid or partially paid letters are subject to a fine, in addition to the deficient postage, in the country of destination.

On Newspapers—4 cents each per 4 oz. or fraction thereof, prepayment required.

On Books, Prints of all kinds, and Patterns or Samples of Merchandise 8 cents per 4 oz. or fraction thereof, prepayment required.

Letters sent over half an ounce, if under Newspaper rates, 3 cents; Pamphlets, 2 cents per ounce.

NEW BRUNSWICK, NEWFOUNDLAND AND NOVA SCOTIA.

For any distance under 3,000 miles; Letters half an ounce, 5 cents; Newspapers, 1 cent each; Pamphlets, 2 cents per ounce.

REGISTRY OFFICE.

Valuable letters for any part of the United States, Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia or States of the German-Austrian Postal Union, will be registered on application at the office of mailing, and if U. S., and 1 p.m. Letters to be registered will not be received at a later hour.

Registration fee, in addition to the rates of postage on letters or packets, are:

Cents.
On domestic letters..... 10
On letters to England, Wales, scotland, Ireland, and Island of Jamaica, each weight unpaid..... 10
On letters in Germany, or any part of the German-Austrian Postal Union, or Greece, the same to be forwarded by the United States Mail, each weight unpaid..... 10

Financial and Commercial.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
TUESDAY EVENING, August 4, 1869.

The receipts of produce and merchandise were very meagre to-day, and as a consequence nothing of special interest transpired in the general market, but there was nevertheless a fair degree of activity in the various departments in the execution of country orders, and as a rule business men made little or no complaint of the present, while, as regards the future, all are confident of a large and profitable trade, so favorable is the crop intelligence from all sections, and so unquestionable the prospect for high prices of cotton and materially reduced prices for breadstuffs and provisions. The latter rule high at present, and will perhaps advance considerably higher within the next few weeks, but the coming packing season will doubtless produce a more healthy and satisfactory condition of things. A letter from a trustworthy source in St. Louis, received by one of our leading grocery houses, says a marked advance is certain, as from the present status of trade the stock there can hold out little longer than thirty days. Flour and wheat are declining at St. Louis and elsewhere North on account of liberal receipts of the new grain crop, but prices here hold out very well in consequence of the light receipts and small stock of desirable grades.

In money matters the situation is about as described in our last issue, the only variation of importance being a decided upward tendency in exchange on New Orleans, which is in part due to dullness of exchange on New York in that market. One of the Madison street banks took a sight bill for $5500, to-day, at $2 per $1000 discount, and was asking ¼ premium, though other banks sold small amounts at par. Eastern exchange remains at par to ¼ premium buying, and ⅛@¼ premium selling.

The coin market was a trifle more interesting than noted yesterday, from better offerings, but was far from animated. A bag of gold amounting to about $1400, taken by a dealer at 135, was probably the most important transaction of the morning. In New York gold opened at 135¼, was 135¼ at noon, and closed at the opening quotation. Exports were $500,000.

Scrip of all kinds was inactive, and not quotably changed. We give the following quotations as nominal:

	BUY'G.	SELL'G.
City Scrip	80	85
Balances	76@78	80@
County Scrip	76@77	80@
Police Scrip	87@	90@

Stocks and securities were also inactive. One party had a few Memphis and Ohio sixes, with coupons, on the market at 25c., but there was no buyer. Dealers quote buying rates of stocks and securities nominally thus:

Mem. and Charl'ton Railroad stock	40	@50
" " " 1st mort bonds	70	@
" " " 2d mort bonds	77	@
Memphis and Ohio " 6 per cent "	20	@
" " " 10 " "	30	@
" " " Stock	5	@
" " " 3 per cent coup	20	@
" " " 10 " "	30	@
Miss. & Tenn. R. R. 1st mort bonds	73	@
" " " 2d " "	60	@
" " " 1st coup.	40	@
" " " Stock	10	@
Miss Central R R 1st mort bonds	60	@
" " " 2d " "	30	@
" " " 1st coup	20	@
" " " 2d " "	10	@
" " " Stock	10	@
" " " Obligation due '73	40	@
" " " " '74	60	@
Mem & L. R. R R 1st mor 8 per cent bonds	67	@
Mem & L. R. R R 1st mor 8 per cent coupons	60	@
Memphis and Little Rock 7 per cent Navy Yard bonds	60	@
Memphis and Little Rock R R 7 per cent coupons	60	@
Memphis City Bonds, old	51	@
" " " endorsed by M & Char. R R	67	@
Memphis City Bonds, endorsed by M & L R R, and State of Tennessee	69	@
Memphis City Bonds, Compons	70@77	
Mobile & Ohio R R 1st mort sterling 6 per cent bonds	80	@
Mobile & Ohio R R 1st mort sterling 8 per cent bonds	90	@
Mobile & Ohio R R interest bonds	60	@
" " " income	30	@
Mem. & Char. R R change notes	30	@
Miss & Tenn	30	@
Miss Central	30	@
New Orleans, Jackson & G N R R change notes	35	@

The New York money market rules easier. Six to seven per cent is the ruling rate on call loans, but for the past few days there have been exceptions of 4@5 per cent toward the close of business. Sterling exchange is quoted to-day 110 for 60 day bills. Government securities ruled steady, as closed with prices as follows:

Bonds of 1881	120½	@120¾
5-20s of '62	120	@120¼
5-20s of '64	120½	@120¾
5-20s of '65	120½	@120¾
5-20s, new, of '65	120	@120¼
5-20s, new, of '67	120½	@120¾
5-20s, new, of '68	119½	@119¾
10-40 bonds	113	@113¼
Pacific 6s	110½	@111¼

Railway and express shares were quiet, and closed as follows:

Adams	58
Western Union Telegraph	35½
Quicksilver	19¾
Pacific Mail	60¾
Adams Express	59
Wells & Fargo Express	39½
American Express	41¾
United States Express	27
Merchants' Union Express	16½
New York Central	97½
Erie	19
Hudson	103¾
Reading	93
Michigan Central	91
Michigan Southern	100½
Illinois Central	127
Cleveland and Pittsburg	98½
Chicago and R. I.	97
Chicago and N. W. preferred	87½
Cleveland and Toledo	93
Rock Island	104½
St. Paul	41
St. Paul preferred	70¾
Fort Wayne	102
Ohio and Mississippi	25¾

The following, with regard to the provision trade, is from Kercheval & Son's circular, dated St. Louis, July 31:

The movements of the week have been quiet but strong, showing clearly the progress of the market from high to still higher prices, and as the changes here have been in sympathy with those at other leading points there is very little doubt that the scale of values which intelligent observers have regarded as inevitable is about being reached. Within an observation of over twenty-five years the writer never saw the provision trade as strong intrinsically, as it has been for several months, and in view of the conviction that prices, though high, would continue to increase to the very close of the season, we have felt it our duty, persistently and earnestly, to impress our correspondents with this idea, that holders, though temporarily disappointed in realising expected prices, should not be disheartened and submit to loss, while consumers intelligently apprehended would have the opportunity to supply themselves at comparatively cheap rates. We claim no great credit for the position that we have taken, it was forced upon us by common observation. Even that were patent to every one dealing with the trade.

The general trade of the week has been one of activity, under which prices have quicky but continuously improved, without leading to speculation or even to activity. At New York, the market, though occasionally showing the liberal receipts of five and seven hundred barrels, inquired for the requirements of the trade, and the demand, export and local, keeps pace with, and trenches very closely upon supplies the impression prevails that prices cannot be much lower and may be a good deal higher before they reach the agricultural limit. Provisions, in fact, in this form, trade is quiet, yet prices are strong, and as the demand increases, while the means of supply diminish, it is conceded that the tendency of the market is irresistibly upwards. At Baltimore, the position of the trade is unprecedentedly strong—supplies are not meet the demand large, and such is the disproportion between their supplies and requirements, that if her dealers were to respond with their usual courtesy to the wishes of good men, planters of undoubted reliability, and sell to them on short credit, their stocks would soon be exhausted—as a matter of course, the tendency of prices is upward, and the confidence of dealers strengthened. Charleston and Savannah, seeing supplies running short at Baltimore and New York, upon which points they usually rely, and feeling the necessity of drawing from some points to meet their requirements, have been purchasing at the West (Cincinnati, Louisville and St. Louis), and are yet short, whilst the country tributary to them is prosperous, the requirements larger, and the means of planters ample. At Mobile, as at New Orleans and the larger distributing places of the interior Southern States stocks are small, receipts limited to the purchases of dealers, and prices steadily improving under an increased demand from the country. At Louisville stocks have run down to a low point—the demand, mainly from the interior of Southeastern States, increases to such an extent as to create apprehensions of inability to meet it. At Cincinnati, the largest point of supply on the Ohio, the disproportion between the means and the end is even more manifest. Depleted by the East, the South and the West, she finds herself so reduced in stock as to compel dealers to husband other resources; as a consequence there are no large operations nor even small sales, unless at full, if not advanced prices. Chicago, like a giant, is quiet, because of her exhaustion, All, or nearly all, that she has is in charge belong to distant operators, and unless now and then when fortunate holders determine to bag the game in a handsome profit, she has nothing to offer, unless it be live hogs, which are being distributed along the line of railways to New York, upon the lakes and in Canada, and, as these go off at prices relatively higher than cured meats, they rather supply a vacuum than offer competition. Milwaukee has for some time been luxuriating in the refreshing breezes of her beautiful lake, enjoying in quietness the profit of the season, yet, having nothing to offer, even to her clamorous customers of the North.

Mess pork has attracted more attention—has been more freely inquired for, but sales have been restricted not only by the advanced claims of holders, but by their unwillingness to sell round lots. The price has ranged from $34@34 50. At the close most ask the outside figure, but others are willing to shade it in filling orders. M. O. ranges 50c under mess. In other barrel pork there is nothing doing.

The trade in bacon has been good and singularly free from speculation, notwithstanding the continuous advances of prices. Shoulders have worked up to 15½c, packed, at which they are firm, with a reported sale at 15c, loose, 100,000 lbs shoulders sold at 15½c, buyers August. The supply of shoulders is running down very low, and there are those who look for higher prices. Rib sides are out of stock. Clear rib have been in good demand, with few or none selling under 15½c, packed. Clear sides, as usual, have taken the lead, and given character to the trade. The jobbing trade has been at 18½@19c, closing firm at 19c. Among the transactions are 100,000 lbs, buyer August, in lots at 19½c; 100,000 lbs buyer August, at 19½c; and 50,000 lbs for Atlanta at 19c. Hams are growing scarce—absolutely short in supply—and have met more favor at an advance in prices. Plain canvassed are selling from 17½@19c; second pickle, 15½@16; sugar cured, 21@24c, with sales to packers of 5,000 at 23c, and 1,800 at 24½c.

Cotton Market.

The market was very quiet, and presented no new feature of interest. A couple of buyers operated to a trifling extent at 30@31c for low middling to middling of a scant description. We learned of no low cotton sold. The New York and Liverpool markets were unchanged, except that the former was quoted ⅛c lower.

Receipts were per Memphis and Charleston Railroad, 26 bales; Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, 1 bale.

Exports were per Memphis and Charleston Railroad, 5 bales, and per Memphis and Ohio Railroad, 89 bales.

The following is an exhibit of the receipts and exports of cotton at this city from the various stations per the Memphis and Ohio Railroad for the year ending June 30, 1869, as kindly furnished by A. A. Paton, Esq., General Freight Agent. It shows that this road, at least, is operated in the interest of Memphis, and is realizing a rapid increase in patronage and business:

Bartlett	833
Selby	1,827
Wills	1,455
Galloway	1,023
Bridges	65
Mason	1
Stanton	1
Somerville	12,199
Jones	221
Raleigh	2
Gadsden	691
Humboldt	2,148
Milan	1,788
Trezevant	756
McKenzie	107
Henry	45
Paris	67
Total number bales received	23,664
" " exported	66,709
Total received and exported	104,773

The receipts for the same period last season were 35,594 bales, and the exports; 44,065 bales. The business this season, therefore, shows an increase of 4470 bales in receipts, and of 21,614 bales in exports, or a total increase of 26,084 bales.

According to the New York *Financial and Commercial Chronicle*, of Saturday, the receipts of cotton at the United States ports last week aggregated 1691 bales, against 1510 bales in 1868, 2813 bales last week, and 3564 bales the preceding week, making receipts since September 1st, 2,831,613 bales (including 241,000 bales overland), against 2,442,335 bales (including 280,000 bales overland), received corresponding period last season.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
MEMPHIS, August 4, 1869.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868	47
Received this day	27
Received previously	247,295
	247,322
Exported this week	91
Exported previously	246,813
	246,907
Stock at noon this day	398

In regard to the crops, the *Chronicle* remarks:

Lard has continued dull, with no buyers over 18c for choice and 17c for prime butcher's which are ½@¾c below the views of holders. Manufacturing lard is irregular. The heavy production of summer lard at the North, has unsettled the value of winter, and rendered buyers apprehensive and timid. In grease there is nothing reported, and tallow moves only in a small way.

Our reports this week with regard to the growing crop are, some of them, less satisfactory than for any week of the two months previous. In fact, until very recently there has been scarcely an unfavorable rumor from any section of the South since the last of May. Now, however, from parts of Georgia and South Carolina we are receiving proofs of injury to the crops from drought. Corn has been evidently injured, and cotton also, it is feared, where it was highly manured and has not extended over the surface [illegible] has been broadcasted within a few days by copious showers. What is the extent of the harm done we cannot now state. The unmanured cotton can bear long dry weather when once established and well grown as now; but where the roots feed near the surface it is feared blight. From portions of the same States, and also from Alabama, etc., we hear of the appearance of scattering worms or caterpillars. There is, however, little to be feared from this source as long as the weather continues dry. In fact these are no season when worms cannot be found in the cotton fields. If we were to have a long wet time, so that fresh new shoots were started, the rain would be likely to breed them and the new growth feed them until they would become a formidable army, as was the case last season. But as yet we see little to fear from their appearance. With the exceptions named above, all our reports this week have continued favorable. The injury to cotton from the flood in Texas is proved to be very limited, while from the other portions of that State and from Louisiana, Mississippi and the West our advices are all highly satisfactory. We notice that the Agricultural Bureau states that statistics which it has collected show the area in cotton this year to be—

Acres	8,000,000
Allowing for errors and failures 25 per cent	2,000,000
Would leave the average at	6,000,000

This would give a crop, if we estimate one half bale to the acre, of 3,000,000 bales, or, if we take 250 pounds to the acre, which is but a moderate average in a fair season, it would give 3,333,000 bales. We do not by any means adopt these figures nor wish to give any estimate of the crop at the present stage of its growth; but we think it is generally admitted that sufficient cotton has been planted this year to make the crop (in case everything remains as favorable as during the past two months) equal to the picking capacity of the South, whatever that may be.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

LIVERPOOL, August 4—11 16 a.m.—Cotton market opened firm at 12¼d for middling upland, and 13@13½d for Orleans. Estimated sales for the day, 12,000 bales.

4 p.m.—Cotton market closed firmer at 12¼d for middling uplands, and 13@13¼d for Orleans. Sales for the day, 12,000 bales.

New York Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4—4 p.m.—Cotton market closed steady on spot, and firmer for future delivery. Sales to spinners, 490 bales; to speculators, 7 bales. Exports, 960 bales. Contracts were made for 200 bales, deliverable in September, at 31c; do. 1200 deliverable in December at 27c; do. deliverable in January at 26½c.

Ordinary, 27c; good ordinary, 29½c; low middling, 32½c; middling, 33½c; good middling, 34½c.

GENERAL MARKET.

APPLES—Shippers were generally in receipt of unfavorable returns today, and, though receipts were light, would not pay more than $1@1 50 per bbl., loose, for good to choice.

BACON—The market was fairly active for sides at 19½@20c, for city cured, and 19c. for country cured, choice, by the cask; but shoulders and hams were sluggish, though held very firmly. Choice canvassed hams were 24@25c, and plain uncanvassed 17@19c. Shoulders were 15½@16c.

BEESWAX—Steady, dealers paying 35@38c per lb.

BUTTER—The market was quiet and irregular, with prime to choice Western ranging from 28@32.

BAGGING, ROPE AND TIES—The market is fairly active and firm. Heavy hemp and flax bagging ranges from 24@25c and light from 18@23c. No demand for rope from tides, 7c per lb. Falling twine, 18½@19c.

BRAN—None received. In store it is $1 10@1 20 per hundred. It would sell for about $18@19 per ton on levee.

COFFEE—Quiet and unchanged. Inferior to choice Rio 19@20c.

CORN—No receipts to-day, and the market inactive, with some depression. Store sold was at 97½@$1 in lots, but there were purchases from country wagons at 90@92½c, shipping order.

CORN MEAL—The market was bare, but the mills were supplying the trade at $4 75 per bbl for Kiln-dried, and there were some small sales of green from store at $4 50@4 60 per bbl.

EGGS—The market was stronger in tone, but irregular. Choice fresh in small boxes were generally 14@15c, but we learned of sales as low as 12½c per dozen.

FLOUR—Several commission houses experienced a fair demand from the country for medium to choice grades, and sales reported were 45 bbls Carbondale new at $8 75; 25 bbls May-Day at $6 75; 20 bbls "Best XXX" at $6 50; 45 bbls Hanover City at $7; 80 bbls "Best XXX" at $6 50; 40 bbls Union Pacific at $7 50; 25 bbls Extra at $6 25; 25 bbls Super at $5 50; 10 bbls choice family at $9.

FISH—No. 1 white fish, per half bbl, $10@11; shad, per half bbl, $8@8 50. Roe herring cut, per hf bbl, $7 50@8; do. gross, per bbl, $10.

FIRE BRICK—$6@6 per hundred.

HAY—Dealers reported little or none on hand, and were generally asking $1 50 per hundred for prime timothy, outside of which there was a small lot on the levee at $28 per ton.

HIDES — The demand continues steady at former prices. Flint per lb, 20c; dry salted, 17c; green salted, 10c; green, 7½@8c; deerskins, 25@30c; sheep skins, 25c@$1 each.

HAIR—Plastering hair is $2 75 per bale of 40 lbs. in store.

LIVE STOCK—About 30 head Texas cattle at the Chelsea yards, and no Western on the market. Texas, per head, $25@60. Western, per lb, gross, nominally 3@5c. Hogs dull at 7½@8c gross. No sheep on the market, and a fair demand at $2@5 per head.

LARD—The market was quiet, with only light sales from store at 20½c for fierce, 21½c for keg, and 22½c for caddies, city rendered.

MOLASSES—Inactive and unchanged, ranging from 50 to 90c per gallon in barrels, and 5 to 10c higher in half barrels and kegs, as in quality.

NAILS—Inactive and nominally $4 60 per keg rates.

ONIONS—Inactive and unchanged. $2 50@3 per bbl, in shipping order.

OATS—The market presented no material change. Light sales of prime new, in good order, at 65c were reported, but it was impossible to sell large lots at more than 60c, at which a balance of 48 sacks, slightly damp, changed hands. Old are held at 75@76c, in store, but sell only at retail.

POULTRY—Inactive, with chickens ranging from $2@3 50 per dozen, as in size.

POTATOES—Shippers are without a market, and not inclined to take hold at better than $1@1 25 per bbl, loose, though sales are occasionally made from wagons to city retailer and hotels at $2@2 50 higher.

PORK—The market was quiet but firm, with mess $35@35 50 per bbl in store, and nothing doing in rumps or joints to afford a quotation.

RICE—The market is quiet, with Carolina 10@11c and Louisiana 9@10c per lb.

SUGAR—The market is quiet, with jobbing prices as follows: Open kettle Louisiana, common to choice 12@15c; clarified, 15½@17c; Demarara, 15@16½; Porto Rico, 13½@16c; hard refined, 17½@18c, soft refined, 15½@17c.

SALT—The market continues quiet and prices unchanged. Ohio river, 280 lb bbls, $2 25@2 75; large do, $3 25@3 50; dairy, 280 lb bbls, $2 50@3 75; large do, $4 50@4 75.

WHISKY—Market unsettled in view of decline North, but prices are generally 76@$1 25 per gallon for common rectified.

WHEAT—In demand at $1@1 50 per bushel. Receipts light.

CALL FOR STOCK.

THE subscribers to the capital stock of the Shelby County Agricultural, Mechanical and Horticultural Society are hereby notified that a call of 10 per cent. of stock is made by the said Society, payable on or before July 20th, proximo, at the Savings Bank of Memphis.

By order of the Board of Directors.

LEON TROUSDALE, Secretary.

Memphis, June 30, 1869. jy30

NOTICE.

In Bankruptcy.

At Memphis, Tenn., 7th day of July, 1869.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of THOMAS JACK, individually and as partner with G. W. JACK, of Memphis, Shelby county, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

O. WOOLDRIDGE, Assignee.

jy22

NOTICE.

In Bankruptcy.

At Memphis, Tenn., 8th day of July, 1869.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of HENRY PETZEL, of Memphis, Shelby county, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

O. WOOLDRIDGE, Assignee.

jy22

NOTICE.

In Bankruptcy.

At Memphis, Tenn., 13th day of July, 1869.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of GEORGE BROOKS, of Memphis, Shelby county, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

O. WOOLDRIDGE, Assignee.

jy22

NOTICE.

In Bankruptcy.

At Memphis, Tenn., 15th day of July, 1869.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of GEORGE H. BACKER, of Memphis, Shelby county, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

O. WOOLDRIDGE, Assignee.

jy21

NOTICE.

In Bankruptcy.

At Memphis, Tenn., 26th day of July, 1869.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JOHN MCNAIR, near Cuba, Shelby county, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

O. WOOLDRIDGE, Assignee.

jy20

NOTICE.

In Bankruptcy.

At Memphis, Tenn., 26th day of July, 1869.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of THOMAS R. KINTON, near Cuba, Shelby county, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

O. WOOLDRIDGE, Assignee.

jy20

NOTICE.

In Bankruptcy.

At Memphis, Tenn., 29th day of July, 1869.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JOHN CAPEHART, individually and as one of the firm of C. B. Woolford & Co., of Memphis, Shelby county, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

O. WOOLDRIDGE, Assignee.

jy30

NOTICE.

In Bankruptcy.

At Memphis, Tenn., 30th day of July, 1869.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of WILLIAM A. ROBINSON, of Memphis, Shelby county, and F. A. MYERLE, partners by style of W. A. Robinson & Co., of Memphis, Shelby county, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

O. WOOLDRIDGE, Assignee.

aug1

FRENCH JOHN'S

Eating House,

Irving Block,

No. 258 Second Street.

To my many Patrons in the Country:

IN removing from my old place I have in view your especial comfort and happiness. I have ever endeavored to please you, and, from the thousand smiling faces that I have met, I can judge that you all have been pleased. I have spared no expense in fitting up this Eating House. My prices are the same and I hope, by strict attention to business and fair dealing, to merit your approbation. The new place is only a few steps from the old one. Come and see me when in town.

N. B.—Meals for ladies with their husbands. Open Night and Day.

FRENCH JOHN,
jy28 Irving Block, 258 second street.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders

—IN THE—

Memphis & Charleston Railroad

COMPANY.

THE Stockholders in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company are notified that the next annual meeting will take place, at Huntsville, Alabama,

Wednesday, August 25, 1869.

Stockholders and their families will be passed free, to and from Huntsville, for one day before and until one day after the close of said meeting, by presenting their Stock Certificate to the Conductor.

By order of the President.

GEO. ROBERTSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

aug5&w

CATTLE.

Feeding, Feeding.

Cattle, Cattle.

THE Star City Stock Yard is daily receiving and keeps constantly on hand from 50 to 100 head of fine cattle, Alabama, Mississippi and Natchez cattle of all sizes and descriptions. Persons wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to call and satisfy themselves.

W. M. BROOKS, Proprietor.

jy30

COAL DEALERS.

H. B. PACKER & CO.,

DEALERS in Pittsburg Coal. Stock ample. Quality Strictly No 1. Also All orders for Coke promptly attended to.

Office, 324 Madison. Yard foot of Pop at river.

Wheat Wanted.

WE will pay St. Louis prices for Wheat delivered at City Mills, on Wolf river, foot of Third street.

AVERY & BOWLES.

aug1 3 Jefferson street, Memphis, Tenn.

To my many Patrons in the Country:

IN removing from my old place I have in view your especial comfort and happiness. I have ever endeavored to please you, and, from the thousand smiling faces that I have met, I can judge that you all have been pleased. I have spared no expense in fitting up this Eating House. My prices are the same and I hope, by strict attention to business and fair dealing, to merit your approbation. The new place is only a few steps from the old one. Come and see me when in town.

N. B.—Meals for ladies with their husbands. Open Night and Day.

FRENCH JOHN,
jy28 Irving Block, 258 second street.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders

—IN TH